# HRURIO NEWS. PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

VILSON, SONS & CO. (LIMITED) 2, RUA DE S. PEDRO, RIO DE JANEIRO.

VOL. XXVI.

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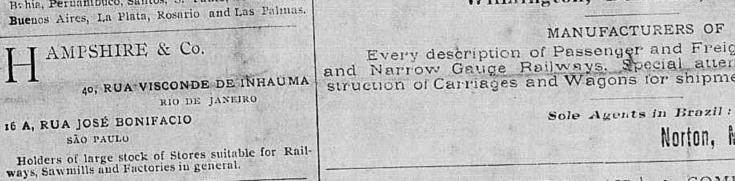
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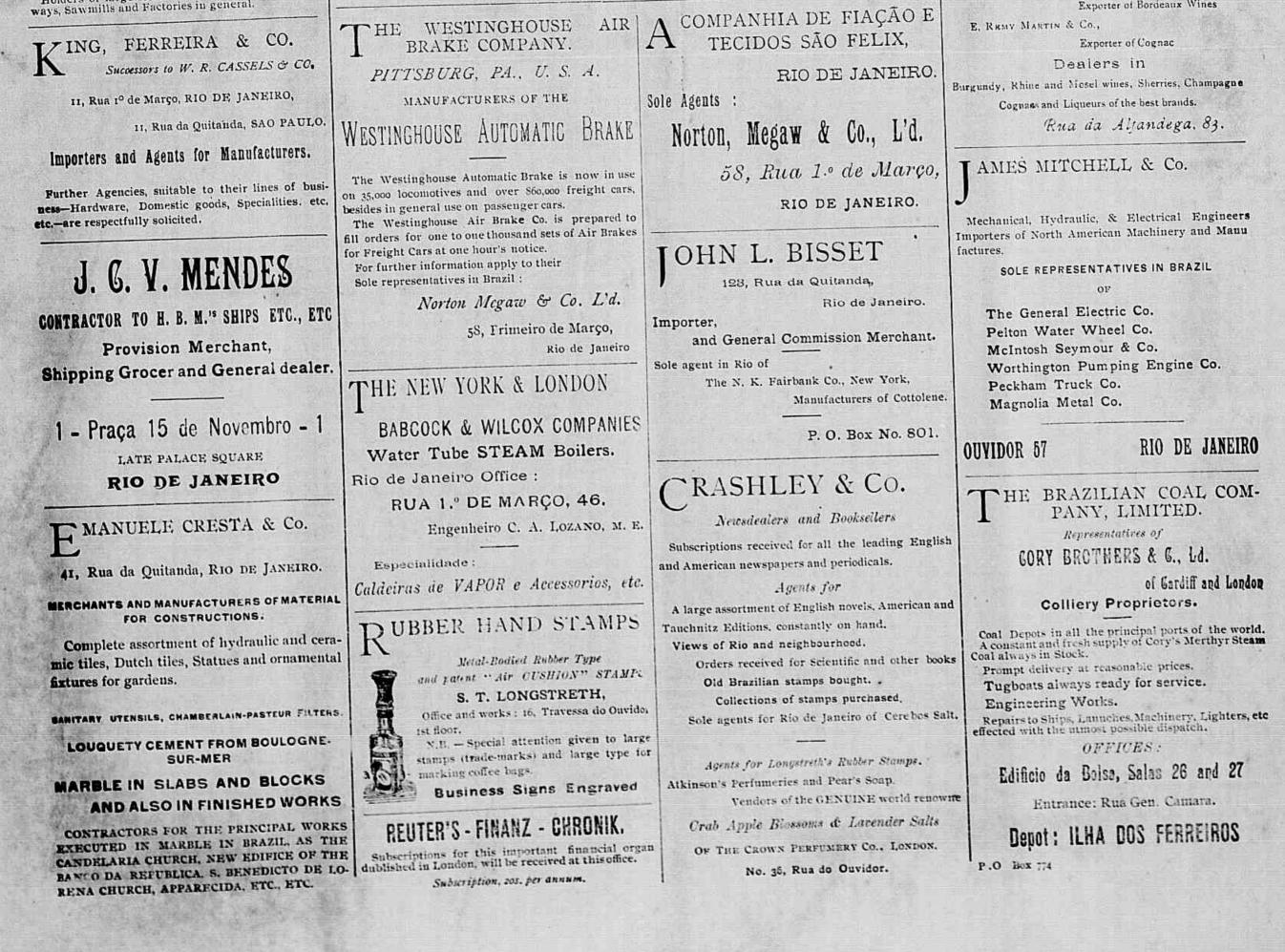
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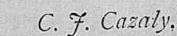
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ing at 7 p.m. JOAO M. G. DOS SANTOS, Pastor.

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PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.-No. 15, Travessa da Barreira. Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., and at 7 p.m. Thursdays.

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### RIVER PLAIE ITEMS.

- An Asuncion telegram of the 23rd says that a passenger on the river steamer «Saturno» had died from bubonic pest on the voyage up to that city. In good time a toothache attended with a swollen face will be classed as bubonic pest.

- It will not be very long before the conversion law will be a dead letter; except that part of it which repudiated 56 per cent of the currency debt, which was done in fixing the par of paper money at 44 cents on the dollar, or the relation of gold to paper being 227.27 to 100. - Buenos Aires Herald.

- In 1899 145,699 passengers arrived in this country from over sea and Montevideo. They came in 349 ships of which 73 were British: 477 of the immigrants were British and 137 North Americans as far as concerns those classified as immigrants : 38.397 people left the country in the same year. - Buenos Aires Herald.

-A case of 11 years imprisonment of an innocent person has just been made public. We have cited cases of 5 and 6 years imprisomment without sentence and one case of 2 years before trial which resulted in acquittal, but by some blunder the accused was kept in prison 2 years and 4 months after that or 4 yrs. 4 months, in all .- Buenos Aires Herald.

-The independence festivities on the 25th May in Buenos Aires were on an exceptionally brilliant scale this year. General Roca, surrounded by his ministers and staff, the diplomatic corps and 50,000 people, unveiled the statue by Rodin of General Sarmiento in, Palermo, and afterwards held a review of the troops in the park. One telegram says that the soldiers took two hours in passing the saluting point.

African markets against Argentine cattle some weeks ago, induced those enterprising shippers, Messrs, Kingsland and Cash, to attempt the flotation of a company to send frozen meat abroad. We have not heard whether the company has yet been registered, but we should like to learn. At the present time, a stoppage of Argentine meat supply is a big factor in the economic politics of the civilised world:

-In its meeting on Monday night the Buenos Aires Rowing Club unanimously decided to separate from the Union de Regatas. in consequence of an incident which occurred at the last regatta when a B. A. R. C. winner was disqualified, in the opinion of that club unjustly. In November the club will hold a regatta to which not only the local clubs but also those of Montevideo, Valparaiso and Rio de Janeiro will be invited .- Buenos Aires Herald, May 16.

-The Buenos Aires rowing clubs have issued invitations to all the other clubs in South America to contest the events in Buenos Aires in October next. It is a pity that we have not a programme of the intended races, as there are several rowing clubs in Rio harbor which stand high in boating circles. Gragoatá, Guanabara, Icarahy and Flamengo are names to conjure with in Rio, and these clubs would give a good account of themselves even against the brawny arms of the young athletes at the Tigre. -- The British residents of Buenos Aires have taken steps to organise a permanent committee to represent them and to take action in their behalf whenever the occasion arises. A preliminary meeting was held on the 9th inst, and a general public meeting on the 21st. The scheme proposed was that the permanent committee should consist of the managers of the British banks and British railways residing in Buenos Aires, the trustees and committee of the British Hospital, chairman of the Victoria Convalescents Home, committee of Prince George's Hall, and the active presidents of the English Club, English Literary Society, Amateur Dramatic Club and Choral Union. -Bernardelli's new statue of Pedro Alvares Cabral, while not a thing of exquisite beauty, has yet escaped carping criticism. The statue of Sarmiento by the French sculptor Rodin, recently unveiled in Buenos Aires, has not been so fortunate. The art critic of La Nacion, according to a telegram published here vesterday, calls it a «monkey-like caricature,» and other writers were equally uncomplimentary. With all due deference to the great gifts of Sarmiento and his services to Argentina, we would simply like to say in favor of the sculptor, that whenever we see a picture or portrait bust of the schoolmaster president we seem to instinctively trace a family resem-blance to the late Charles Peace of unhappy memory. Probably, hence the so-called «monkey-like caricature.» -A few years ago there was a minister of finance who came out with a statement that the government had at its order in Europe enough funds for the service of its debts for a considerable time in advance. In the face of this statement duly signed by the minister. gold declined rapidly and greatly. When it was falling there was a small syndicate in this market which went to work in a systematic way to buy millions of gold at the very low rates which were quoted. After this had been done the minister learned that he had made a very great and grave mistake, and that as a matter of fact the government had no funds for the payment of the debt service in Europe. In the face of this statement gold advanced as rapidly as it had fallen, until it under penalty of dismissal. Half a dozen reached a very high figure. The buyer made and the country lost millions and received a garette platform, and one night recently the shock that disturbed confidence for many league sent out 2,000 letters to as many firms months.-Buenos Aires Herald.

-The fact that a lawyer in the settlement of one estate and that not of the largest obtained a fee of \$250,000 shows the absolute necessity for a reform in the matter of fees, Generally they are reasonable among reputable lawyers, but this instance shows that there are and may be abuses. In the case referred to the heirs were compelled to sell a considerable part of the estate in order to pay the fees. Some years ago we noted a case in which the fees more than consumed the estate. but the lawyer with great liberality forgave the widow the debt, after taking all the esta te. a liberality the more striking in view of the fact that she had not a dollar left to give him. - Buenos Aires Herald.

-The death has taken place of Felix Barrera one of the most wonderful men in our police force. He could not read or write, yet he kept in his head a list of every thief in the city, 5,500 of them, their aliases, names, crimes, etc. When the anthropometric department failed Barrera could always put them right. He was employed to teach the other policemen the names and antecedents of all the thieves. No disguise but he could penetrate it. He never had a salary over \$100 though he was under a dozen highly paid and educated detectives with all Lombroso's theories at the tips of their fingers. A subscription is being raised for his family .- Buenos Aires Herald.

-Two Italian brothers were convicted in Italy of homicide. They escaped to this country. The crime was committed in 1888. Extradition was asked by Italy. The courts have decided that according to Argentine law a sentence without limit must be counted as ten years and as more than ten years have passed since the sentence, the case is closed, -The closing of the English and South law counts the same as if spent in an Italian prison .- Buenos Aires Herald. (What nonsense! Are the Argentine courts specially created to protect criminals of the worst class - murderers, forgers, thieves, etc.? Is Argentina a refuge for the criminals and offsecutings of creation? - Ed. News.)

> - Vesterday's Siglo makes a sensible suggestion respecting the military academy. This institution, it points out, costs the country some \$50,000 the year, for which it educates a maximum of forty cadets (it might add with no very brilliant results.) It would be far, better, argues our contemporary, to send some twenty picked cadets to a military school in Europe, where they would learn far more than they ever could here and be removed from the pernicious atmosphere of partisan politics, and to convert the present academy into a modest school of sergeants and corporals. By this means more useful results would be 'obtained at less cost to the treasury .- Montevideo Times, May 19.

- The finance committee of the representatives has reported on the law of stamps and stamped paper for the approaching financial year. The amendments proposed on this occasion are few and unimportant. We wonder how many years we shall have to wait before we see this tax reformed so as to make it less bstructive and burdensome to commerce and business transactions generally. By the ap plication of a little common sense, consultation with the interests affected, and abandonment of the mischievous theory that the «interests of the fiscal» are superior to all others, the tax could be modified and simplified without any serious loss to the revenue-perhaps with a positive gain-and to the enormous relief of business. The entire revenue from the tax is barely \$200,000 the year, a relatively small sum which is out of all proportion to the trouble, annoyance, vexation and obstruction that the tax causes. In fact, the commerce of the republic could well afford to subscribe voluntarily to pay the government a larger sum in order to be relieved from the unisance of the tax in its present form. It is solely an exaggerated idea of «officialism,» and an absurd notion that every transaction and every operation must pay tribute and be subject to the intervention of the state, that prevents the tax from being reformed. With chambers in which business interests were properly represented it would soon be modified .- Montevideo Times, May 19.

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7, Rua 1º de Março—2nd floor.	Miscellaneous.
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the Editor of The Rio News.	ist floor.

IN 18St the total consumption of sugar in the United States was 1,012,206 tons-equal to 44.2 pounds per capita. In 1899 the total consumption was little more than double. reaching 2,034,610 tons, or 61.7 pounds per capita. The population in 1881 was 51.316,000; in 1899 it reached 76,011,000. - American Grocer.

THE London war office has recently published a new list of the total losses in the war. The number of killed and wounded amounts to 18.799 men, without counting about 12,000 who are under treatment in the hospitals in South Africa and are being treated for common sicknesses and not for wounds. losses by capture do not seem to be included The in the foregoing.

THE city of Chicago has an anti-cigarette law which has been declared constitutional by the United States Supreme Court, and the Chicago anti-cigarette league is inducing banks, mercantile houses and firms of all sorts to taboo those applicants for work who smoke "coffin nails," and to forbid employés the habit banks have placed themselves on the anti-ciurging them to back up the good work.

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THE RIO NEWS.

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fully.

placed directly in front of a hill on which was a naval gun; the field batteries were at that time in action a short distance in advance, so that the ambulances were between the two, and not very far from either. Is it reasonable to suppose that the Boer artillery should submit without replying to our shell fire, because we chose to select so improper a place for the wounded? They certainly could not have fired at the guns without many shots falling very close to the ambulances. I have heard since-but I cannot vouch for its accuracythat the position in front of the naval gun was selected by a staff officer contrary to the opinion of the medical officer in charge. After the Irish Brigade had been ordered to retire, the ambulances advanced over the ground on which it had been fought, and was covered with dead and wounded men. A considerable body of men had, however, not heard the order to retire, and fighting doggedly on held the ground for three hours after the general retirement, in spite of being nearly surrounded by the Boers. The ambulances came quite close to these men, and again received some of the fire meant for others. The Boers protested angrily at the time to some of the officers who had been made prisoners against the firing being kept up when the ambulances were on the field, and the wounded were being collected. The brave men who had so stubboruly resisted had nothing to do with the ambulances, and were not even aware t'ut they had come up behind them, so that on this occasion it was impossible to blame either side. I may add that this is the only foundation for the statement which once appeared that men of an Irish regiment had taken refuge behind an ambulance.

PARIS.

LISBON.

3

After the attack on Vaal Krantz much the same statements were made on that occasion. I was a personal witness to the occurrence. A narrow defile led down the hill towards Poty-iter's Drift, and along this the ambula es incautiously advanced. Once started in the stream of wagons no return was possible, and they had to move on and take their places in an inextricable jumble below. A brigade of infantry was bivou using in a fold of the ground between two hills on the right; a corps of mounied Colonials and a cavalry regiment were on the left, and half the transport of the column was gathered together in front. Such a position invited shell fire, and the presence of the ambulances, so far from guarding against it, might reasonably be com-plained of as contrary to the usages of war. Ambulances have no right to come within the field of fire; I believe, but I am not certain, that three miles is the limit. The enemy, fortunately, could not see the bulk of the troops, and had no idea of the damage that it was in their power to inflict, and only a few shells were thrown; the wagons and mounted men crowding up then under the lee of the hill escaped observation, and the shelling ceased. Had a number of guns been trained on this spot, it is impossible to estimate the loss that might have been inflicted on us; the wagous could not have retreated through the crowded defile; the ambulances would have been broken up, and I suppose there would have been loud denunciation of the barbarous Boer. The latest outcry is that the Boers have been using poisoned bullets, and there certainly was some color for the statement. In the Boer trenches round Colenso a quantity of ammunition was found covered with some greasy green substance, and pots of the same liquid were also discovered ready for use. Being green and greasy, it was of course thought to be verdigris, and as no one knew for what purpose it was used, it must, of course, be to poison the English; this was the culminating point of Boer savagery; after this no quarter; the Boers must be wiped out. The Colonials led the cry and the papers teemed with abuse. It has doubtless been telegraphed to England in a thousand forms, and will tend to embitter race hatred to the utmost. What are the facts? No soldier has suffered from a poisoned wound, and, as a matter of fact, whatever the substance may be, it is not poison. I saw a doctor rub some of it into a cut in his arm-a somewhat dangerous experiment, it must be admitted-and it proved perfectly innocuous, It is probably used to counteract the corroding effect of smokeless powder on the barrel of the rifle; this is of great importance, as rifles which are not cleaned immediately after use become honeycombed and rapidly deteriorate. B t in war it is often impossible to clean rifles till next day. So that, if this substance really effects its object the Boers who have already taught us so much, will have given us another lesson which the war office will, perhaps, one day take to heart. The least thought would have proved the absurdity of the poison theory. The rapid passage of the bullet through the rifled barrel into which it fits so lightly generates heat enough to melt the grease, and if any did remain on the bullet after leaving the barrel, it would probably be removed by the rapid spin during its flight through the air. If poison had been the object, it would probably have been placed in a small hole in the head of the bullet, and not on the exterior. Another story of treachery, and one which has been very constantly repeated, is the charge brought against the Boers that, when in close contact with our men, advancing with their rifles slung and their hands up as if to surrender, and when firing ceases or our men show themselves, they pour a volley into our ranks. It requires but a very slight experience of actual fighting to see the utter impossibility of such a proceeding. Any man or body of men venturing to stand upright, at a 

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Farmers Loan and Trust Company NEW YOR. Firist National Eank of ChicagoCHICAGO.		RIO DE JANEIRO
		世界を作品という意味を見てい

I have nothing to gain one way or the other, and that being so, I may safely tell the plain, unvarnished truth, which is likely to be as unpopular on this subject as on all others. It is not my wish to morally white-wash the Boer with mere words of praise, but I think I am in a position to account for a good many things in a way which, when I have given scientific reasons, may satisfy my readers.

quarters, and those who receive all but the

barest official information from the Tommies

who either exaggerate for playfuluess, or who

are not accustomed to weigh their words care-

The first of these breaches of the customs of war occurred, or was supposed to have occurred, at the battle of Glencoe, the first struggle of the war. The allegation was that when Talaua Hill was captured by the Dublin Fusiliers and the Rifles, the Boers retired carrying white flags over their shoulders, and thus saved themselves from destruction by our rifles and guns. I have made careful inquiries from officers - senior officers - who were present, and whom I know to be cool soldiers likely to observe correctly. One of these assures me, and the others tell a similar story, that he was one of the first to reach the top of the hill, and was well placed for observation. He found the bulk of the Boer army in full retreat at a distance of about fifteen hundred yards, but a smaller number of men, who had been left to hold the hill to the last, and cover the retreat, were much closer, and also in full retreat. They had left behind them in their hurried flight a field hospital, and to this rode a Boer coming from the main body and holding a white flag. He carried a letter to the English general asking for an armistice to enable them to bury the dead, and carry off the wounded. No doubt the stage of the fight at which such a request could be granted had not yet arrived, but by no stretch of prejudice could it be termed treacherous, or a misuse of the white flag; nor should it in any way have prevented our guns firing on the retreating army. That they did not fire is true, but that was due to a false view of humanity on the part of the officer in command. I have been assured by all of whom I have inquired that no other flag was raised, and that it was practically impossible for one to be put up unnoticed by them.

It was repeatedly stated after the battle of Colenso that the Boer artillery had fired on our ambulances, and that one of them had even been overturned by a shell. It is undoubtedly true that a number of shells went close to the ambulances, and I believe that one was really struck, but there is no reason to believe that they were deliberately aimed at. I had myself occasion to go to the am-bulances during the fight, and found them possible, would be shot down with absolute | bit chilly, and those fortunate enough to poscertainty before the signal could be understood. Such an enterprise would be far more dangerous to the Boers than to us. Yet this statement has been put forward to explain the surrender of some of our men at Spion Kop and other places. Those who know how terrific was the fire on that hill, how content men are to remain concealed behind stones when they are exposed to such a storm of bullets, and with what reluctance they raise their heads even to fire their rifles, will attribute this to other and more reasonable causes. Few men see anything of what occurs under such circumstances, and when they find themselves surrounded they readily surrender.

(To be continued.)

### PAYSANDU CRICKET.

PAYSANDU C. C. US. BRITISH BANK: Played at Paysandu on Sunday 20th May and resulting in a win for the home eleven.

### Scores as follows : -

### PAYSANDU C. C.

H. C. Bocquet, b. Mawson	21
C. H. Pullen, b. do	7
E. C. Manners, b. Morissy	12
C. Henderson, b. Mawson	13
H. R. Latham, not out	44
R. Robinson, b. Morissy	28
E. C. Hime, b. McNair	24
W. Strange, did not bat	-
A. Macmillan, did not bat	-
Extras	6

### Total (for 6 wickets#).... 155

\*Innings declared closed.

### BRITISH BANK.

H. W. Jeans, b. R. Robinson	
R. J. McNair, l.b.w., b. Strange	
F. Morissy, run out	2
	2
E. A. Roberts, b. do	1
H. Evers, b. Hime	
D. R. Andrews. not out	
J. Hargreaves, b. Manners,	

### Total, 7 wickets..... 78

36

68

15

13

18

.....

### Both sides played short.

PAYSANDU C. C. US. LONDON & RIVER PLATE BANK.

This match was played at Paysandu on Thursday 24th, and resulted in a win for the home club.

### Scores as follows: -

PAYSANDU C. C.

V. Tatam, b. Conolly.....

- C. Pullen, l.b.w., b. Francis. .....
- H. C. Bocquet, not out.....
- E. A. Roberts, ct. H. Hargreaves, b. C.
- Hargreaves .....
- C. L. Robinson, run out.... H. W. Stacey, ct. Lloyd, b. Conolly ....
- W. P. Slater, b. Conolly.....
- T. M. Kentish, ct. Lomas, b. Conolly ...
- A. C. E. Skey, not out.....
- F. H. Robinson, did not bat .....

sess a grate, are rejoicing in the grateful and cheering effect of a fire.

There was a large gathering at the English vice-consulate on Ascension day to celebrate the Queen's birthday. Her Majesty's health was drunk with great enthusiasm some 30 times, for as each newcomer raised his glass. those already in the room were naturally too loyal not to join in once more. Several representative Brazilians joined in the proceedings on behalf of the president of the state, the secretary of the interior and justice, and the press. After duly replying to their courtesy, Mr. Lupton toasted President McKinley and the «Union of Hearts». The presence of Mr. Mackenzie, a Canadian, afforded the opportunity of proposing " the Colonies ". The proceedings ended with the official drinking of our sovereign's health, amid cheers and "God save our gracious Queen ». A cablegram was sent to the Marquess of Salisbury asking him to convey to Her Majesty the congratulations of her loyal subjects resident in São Paulo on the attainment of her Sist birthday.

The new theatre, Sant'Anna, is not a large one, but there appears to be a difficulty in obtaining a sufficient number of players for it. The Sanzone company turned up in such a minus condition, that arrangements have been cancelled, and for the present the theatre will be used by local artistes. It is hoped that in a month's time, it will be occupied by a comedy company.

The Platea is starting an «agony» column. Soon after Cronje's surrender, a «Hollandez» feeling his withers wrung, inserted among the advertisements a childishly insulting notice written in English. A short time since be perpetrated a similar outrage, and last week vented his spleen in Double Dutch doggerel. This attack on decency and language was too much for a poet-patriot, who replied, by the same agency, in next and stinging lines.

We owe to the Platea the startling information, that 50,000 Russians in 160 troop-ships, have started to save the auriferous Trausvaal from the gold hunting army of English !

The Correio and Platea are taking opposite sides in a little discussion as to whether the Light and Power Co. should be allowed to put up a chalet in Largo S. Bento. Such an erection would be a convenient shelter from rain and sun for citizens generally, but it is argued that it would practically be a station for the company's bonds, as it would be adjacent to their terminus.

The Correio which has not always been distinguished for pro-British articles, contained, a few days ago, a portrait and highly eulogistic notice of General Baden-Powell and the heroic defence of Mafeking.

The Ascension day holiday was quite spoiled by rain. The cricket match, London and Brazilian Bank, Past and Present 7/S. Santos and S. Paulo was adjourned to a covered space, where wet inside was substituted for wet outside.

The Tennis Tournament is fixed for August 14, entries to be concluded by 30th prox. 27

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To represent on commission a leading English firm manufacturing Studs, Links. Photo. Frames, Ladies' Belts, and similar lines. Address with full particulars A., care of W. H. Smith & Son, L. and N. W. Railway Station, Birmingham, England. (3t.

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An expert correspondent, translator, shorthand writer and typewriter wishes employment in Rio. Apply to M. P. B., this office.

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To let under contract a comfortable and splendid large house, in a very good condition, suitable for a family of high standing or a first class boarding house. The property is located in one of the principal streets of Pe tropolis at six minutes distance from the railway station. It has a magnificent park, thoroughly cultivated and full of trees, plenty of water, douches. stables and other dependencies.

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The residence No. 53 Rua Tavares Bastos (formerly Princeza Imperial) with 5 large rooms all with windows, parlour, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, shower. bath, two rooms for the servants and a stable. The keys are at No. 22 same street. For information apply at Rua 1 de Março 37.

Hotels.

# FREITAS HOTEL 120, Rua do Riachuelo

Mr. J. F. FREITAS, proprietor of the old and well known Freitas Hotel, destres to advise his friends and former customers that he has reopened that hotel at No. 120 RUA DO RIACHUELO in a large and most attrac-

No. 120 RUA DO RIACHUELO in a large and most attrac-tive edifice acquired for this special purpose. The new establishment is situated in one of the most attractive and healthy localities in the city, on a broad and quiet street, with trams for all central points of the city passing the door. It has a large and beauti-fully laid out pleasure garden, particulary suitable for ladies and children, and well-mounted bath-rooms pro-wided with hot and cold water.

vided with hot and cold water. The Hotel is specially adapted for families, for whose comfort and convenience nothing will be found lacking. It contains a large drawing-room, and its dining-room opens on verandahs overlooking the garden.

Special attention will be given to orders by mail and telegraph.



# Grande Hotel Metropole

## 181, RUA DAS LARANGEIRAS, 181

This popular Hotel has been completely and thoroughly restored and has been provided with santtary improvements of every description, including a hygienic system of sewerage, flushing tanks, and

The apartments have been repainted and repapered throughout and are luxuriously furnished. The dining-room has also been refloored, and no expense has been spared to make this

The most comfortable Hotel

in the city. The baths have likewise been improved As before particular pains will be taken to provide the guests of this Hotel with a first-class table, and with the best of service and attention. The electric tram passes the door every few minutes, making it the most convenient as well as the pleasantest Hotel in Rio de Janeiro.

Restaurant & Lunchroom ZUM MÜNGHNER KIND'L 10. Rua General Camara, 10 1st class German cooking, and excellent service.

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This well mounted establishment is situated in the best and most healthy part of the capital, with beautiful garden and grounds, and electric tramways passing the door continually.

Hot and cold baths, splendid rooms and accommodation for families with a well chosen staff of attendants guarantee the comfort of all visitors.

Carlos Ribolzi.

PROPRIETOR.

# Hotel dos Estrangeiros PRAGA FERREIRA VIANNA

## (Cattete)

### Telephone No. 5.008

This hotel, which has been completely restored, is situated in the best part of the city, receiving air and light from all four sides, close to the cleanest beach of the city, surrounded by a large garden; has large, comfortable rooms newly and well furnished, good shower and warm baths, disinfectants in the water-closets, drinking water filtered by the Pasteur system, good table-service, and is, therefore, to be considered the first hotel of this capital. the first hotel of this capital.

Possesses also a sumptuous saloon and splendid table-service for banquets. Its restaurant and service cannot be excelled.



R.	Nelson,	did	not	bat	 •	• •		•:•		•	•	•	
	Extr	as				54	•	•			•		Į

### Total, 7 wickets. ..... 172

LONDON & RIVER PLATE BANK.
E. A. Tootal, b. Roberts
C. A. Conolly, c. Bocquet, b. Pullen
S. Francis, ct. Stacey, b. Kentish
G. H. Lomas, b. Slater
H. Hargreaves, l.b.w., b. Pullen
C. Hargreaves, b. Slater
J. Robinson, not out
C. Lloyd, b. Pullen
H. Weigall, b. Slater
R. Statham, b. Slater
R. H. Robinson, b. Slater
Extras

### Total. ..... 112

-An unfortunate accident occurred at the beginning of the match which not only weakened the L. & R. P. B. eleven, but produced a very painful impression. As Ridgway, who is one of the Bank's best bowlers, was running for a boundary ball, he fell into a barbed wire fence and cut his face in a frightful manner. He of course had to withdraw, to the great regret of every man on the field. The determined though ineffective stand made by Couolly and Tootal received much praise and saved the Bank's credit at a time when the «fortunes of war» seemed to be decidedly against it.

-We are informed that the eleven to represent Rio in the match with Nictheroy on Sunday next, 3rd June, will be selected from the following list : W. P. Slater, N. W. Jack-son, H. Pierce, O. Wucherer, C. L. Robinson, T. Forde, R. H. Robinson, H. L. Wheatley, H. C. Bocquet, E. C. Manners, V. Tatam, and W. Strange. The Paysandu club is sure to put a strong team in the field.

### S. PAULO FACTS.

On 20th inst. traffic was run for the first time through the new station of the São Paulo Railway at Luz. Until the new building is tled at every step. complete passengers will be obliged to make a long round to reach the platform. This is necessitated by the fact that the front entrance of the station faces the Jardim Publico, now it comes too late to prevent the most and for the present ingress on the other side disastrous results. The remedy does not lie is blocked by the work which is still proceeding. Early in the morning of the same day a violent storm broke over São Paulo; heavy rain continued almost without intermission until noon. After this and another storm on readjustment of taxation which shall relieve Wednesday evening, the temperature feels a them.

## From the Buenos Aires Herald, May 12. KILLING ENTERPRISE.

There is no reason to suppose that anything which can be said or cited will make any difference whatever with the policy or course of congress in the matter of legislation regarding taxes; and yet at the present moment anything in the way of development of business or industrial enterprises is impossible because there are so many crushing and wasteful taxes. A gentleman whom we have known for nearly 25 years as one of the most laborious, careful and wise business men, who has gradually enlarged his business until it has become an honor to this city, tells us that he cannot continue : not that he is insolvent, on the contrary he has a moderate competence, but he says there are so many imposts on everything which enters into his manufactures that while his business is large his expenses consume the income and he is about to wind it up. Similar action has been taken or forced upon many others.

Not long ago it occurred to some one that a proper preparation of pork would find a market here and measures were taken to do this. In a short time, it was found that imposts of various kinds were too many for it and we later saw the flag of the auctioneer waiving over another enterprise, which had failed.

This is no theory, or sombre picture, but an illustration of a state of facts which make industrial enterprises impossible. The tax fiend is after active capital and

enterprise at every step. One may not make a contract for business that be must not first pay a tax. One may not buy or sell, get credit, or pay a bill, put out a sign or try to get business without first paying for the chance to try to get business. Everything which enters into manufactures is taxed, the cart which brings or carries goods is taxed, the water is taxed, the sunlight even is taxed. One cannot be born, christened, married or die without taxation and at the same time capital which lies idle or inactive is not taxed. It is enterprise and activity which is throt-

The abuse has reached such proportious that enterprise is crushed and hopeless. The voice of warning has been raised but even in heavier import duties, but in the relief of taxation under one form or another. In this matter many make a mistake and cry out for high duties, whereas they should demand a

his friends and patrons that he has taken charge of the management of the Hotel Theresopolis, where he expects to merit the continuation of the kind patronage heretofore extended to him, and offering all possible comforts to convalescents and Summer guests.

The Hotel furnishes transportation to the foot of The Hoter furnishes transportation to the serva and vice-versa. References may be obtained at : Messrs. Netto, Bastos & C., No. 12, Rua de S. Bento. Monteiro Ir. & C., \* 38, \* Visc. Inhaúma. Soares & Niemeyer, \* 6, \* da Alfaudega.

- Mr. Bernardino da S. Carvalho, No. 1, Rua Fresca.

Telegr. Address :- Georges, Theresopolis.

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Rio de Janeiro, 15th May, 1900.

C. CAMPI & Co.

(2

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### NEWS. THE RIO

# TELEGRAMS OF THE WEEK SUMMARY FROM DAILY PRESS.

Great Britain.

MAY 22 .- Amongst the wounded with Col. Mahon's column was a correspondent of the Daily Mail (name not given). - The final combats before the relief of Mafeking were of the most stubborn character, the Boers retreating in panic after having caused great losses principally amongst the Irish troops. Col. Plumer gave effective help to Col. Mahon in surrounding the Boers, and with him entered Mafeking on the early morning of Friday week. The enthusiasm in the beleaguered town was scarcely greater than that in the cities of the British empire .- The report in the Daily Express that President Kruger has proposed peace has been denied by himself in a private telegram to the New York Herald as absurd. He intends to fight to the end .-Dundonald's column is pursuing the Boers in the direction of Laing's Nek, and Clery is following them up to the Ingogo river, both of which were the scenes of British disasters in 1SS1 .- Lord Roberts is preparing for an advance in force on Transvaal territory, but his that 11,000 more men will be sent to reinforce plans are naturally kept secret .- The colonial Marsh I Roberts early in June. - The adoffice is without news of the Coomassie garrison, and it is feared that the position of the troops on the Gold Coast is perilous .- The Times says that the European ambassadors have demanded the suppression of the Chinese society called the "Boxers", under pain of landing marines to protect life and property.

MAY 23 .- Col. (now General) Baden-Powell has been promoted over the heads of 200 officers senior to him. He is to be given the freedom of the cities of London and Edinburgh on his return, and Liverpool will present him with a sword of honor.— News from Vryburg states that Soo Boers have surrendered to General Hunter .- Lord Roberts has refused to exchange Cronje for several British colonels. President Kruger has consequently threatened to remove the British prisoners at Pretoria to a remote part of the Transvaal. (That looks as though he does not consider Pretoria sufficiently safe) .- Lord Roberts is encamped at Honingspruit on his way to Johannesburg, with scouts exploring on the heights of the Vaalkopen to dominate the road.-General Hamilton occupied Heilbron without opposition, President Steyn retreating. (Bloem fontein was declared impregnable some months ago. Later we heard this of Kroonstad, and now Heilbron surrenders without a struggle. The Orange Free State as a fighting factor is obsolete).- The Dutch residents in Pretoria held a meeting to ask the protection of Holland for the Transvaal against Great Britain .--General French has crossed the Rhenoster river. Lord Roberts considers this move and the occupation of Heilbron render the Orange positions untenable. - Gen. Baden Powell re ports to the war office that iff the fighting before Mafeking on the 16th inst., the British losses were 3 killed and 20 wounded. He also reports that he captured several cannons, a A Capetown telegram says that when once those waters would be excellent «discouragers house of representatives has asked for an quantity of ammunition, and two standards .-Lord Roberts has crossed the Vaal river, it is of hesitancy»).-The Morning Post says the enquiry into the postal accounts of Cuba. his intention to issue a proclamation decreeing that all burghers who lay down their arms and return to their farms will have their property respected .- The railway as far as Bloemfontein has been put into working order .--Mr. Hanbury, says that Great Britain has secured the control of the strategic cables of the entire world, so that even France must use these lines to communicate with her colonies. MAY 24 .- Gen. Kelly Kenny reports that there are now no Boer troops between Bloemfontein and Boshof .- Gen. French is hotly pursuing the Boers who are trying to cross the Vaal river before his arrival .- The Times asserts that in the Orange archives at Bloemfontein a document has been found proving that Presidents Kruger and Steyn were concerting measures in 1887 to destroy British dominion in South Africa .- The subscriptions in favor of the families of the British soldiers are now but little less than a million sterling. -Mr. Balfour announced in the house of commons to-day that the United States and Great Britain had not yet ratified the resolutions of the peace conference at La Hague.-The Queen's birthday was enthusiastically celebrated in the British isles. In London especially, in spite of rain and cold, the crowds were enormous, and the national anthem was mingled with great cheering for Lord Roberts and Gen. Baden Powell. MAY 25 .- The Times publishes a telegram from Lourenço Marques stating that President Kruger is convinced that further resistance to the British is useless, and that he has resolved to capitulate to save Boer lives. The publication of this telegram unconfirmed as it was, created a great sensation. Another telegram to the some effect from Lourenço Marques says that President Kruger has issued a circular to the chiefs of his army asking them whether they and their men were disposed for peace or further war. He further asked them, if they were resolved on war, whether they were inclined to lose more lives and property .- The Emperor William has sent to the regiment of dragoon guards, of which he is honorary colonel, a costly present of Dresden china to be sold for the benefit of the wounded of the asked to be relieved from service in the Phiregiment.-A Cape telegram to the Daily Telegraph says that the Orange Volksraad has made an attempt to depose President Steyn in order to make peace with Great Britain. (It seems rather hard to find Steyn's whereabouts just now) .- The bridge at Laing's Nek destroyed by the Boers has now been repaired by the British engineers.-General Buller's troops held high festivities in honor white foreigners has been discovered in Ma tried.

of the Queen's birthday. Lord Roberts' troops 1 celebrated the day by crossing the Vaal river and entering Transvaal territory. (We all remember Admiral Schley presenting the sunken Spanish fleet to his nation on the 4th of July. Roberts captured Cronje and his army on the anniversary of Majuba, and now there is the invasion of the Transval on the Queen's birthday. Some, of course, were purely coincidences, but if these coincidences are repeated in future it will be open to suspicion that our modern leaders are prone to sensationalism). - The disturbances in St. Heliers. Jersey, are to be officially investigated, and a strict enquiry has been promptly ordered by the government.-The Khedive of Egypt is about to visit London. It is said that the Egyptian people hope to obtain complete independence from this visit, but the Times more logically takes it as a signification of the Egyptians being content with the statu quo. -A Tien-Tsin telegram to the Daily Mail says that the "Boxers" have killed the commander of the legal forces sent against them. while he was discussing terms with their chiefs under a flag of truce.

MAY 26.-Lord Lansdowne has announced vanced forces of Lord Roberts remain in the Rhenoster encampment, but Hunter's brigade has forged ahead into the Transvaal, going 18 miles without a break. In Vryburg, Gen. Hunter found the inhabitants suffering from terrible misery, fever causing a horrible mortality there for want of medicines .- A Cope telegram says that the railway line from Mafeking to Bulawayo has been repaired, the soldiers working until they were ready to drop. On one occasion they captured two Boers and an Englishman in the service of the Transvaal,-The Boers are said to have strongly entrenched themselves at Polfontein, 10 miles to the east of Mafeking .- A thousand Russian soldiers are reported to have landed at Lourenço Marques to assist the Boers. They were evidently allowed to proceed, but their baggage was seized. (Probably those Portuguese officials had served an apprenticeship in Brazilian custom-houses. Let the fighter through, but seize his kit! On what pretext, in heaven's name?)-The Daily Mail says that an Arab chief is raising an agitation in the Kordofan district, acting probably on the instigation of some foreign nation. (We read our Daily Mail with the greatest care, but, of course, have not had a chance of seeing what it really said in this particular We are certain, however, that the main cuse. point has been missed, and the vague ones only given. A locse telegram of such import would call for the removal of the editor who passed it. Editors of London papers do not deal in telegraphic generalities from Kor dofan, but insist on concrete facts). - The British consul in Panauna reports that he found 12 British subjects had been imprisoned without trial. On demanding their trial or release, six were given up, two were found to have died, and the remaining four are held for trial. (A cruiser with a couple of 4.7 guns in occupation of Igli by the French is likely to lead to a war between France and Morocco.-The house of lords has thrown out the bill authorizing women to sit on municipal boards and county councils. MAY 27 .- Lord Roberts has sent the following telegram to the war office : We crossed the Vaal river to-day, 27. Gen. Baden-Powell informs me that provisions have reached Mafeking by railway. The Canadian artillery from Beira have joined Col. Plumer's column. -The British forces are encamped at Northvaal. After a skirmish in which four men were lost, they got possession of the coal mines there .- News from Accra up to the 7th inst says that there has been a stiff fight in Coomassie between the British and the Ashantis in which the former lost three officers killed, and one captain and 100 native soldiers. The rebel Ashantis suffered more severely. A relieving column of British troops has arrived at Cape Coast Castle .- A late telegram received to-night says that the Boers are strongly entrenched on the banks of the Klip river, close to Johannesburg. MAY 2S .- The garrison of Mafeking (naturally enough) held high festival on the arrival of the first train of provisions .- During the prolonged siege of Mafeking, the loss to our troops were 5 officers killed and 15 wounded, 51 soldiers killed and 103 wounded, with 25 missing. Including the Kaffir casualties the total losses were 924.-A rumor is current in Capetown and London that French's cavalry division has entered Johhnnesburg after various skirmishes on the road from Potchefstroom. -- Mrs. Catherine Gladstone, widow of the famous statesman, died to-day. - Some warehouses at Southampton docks fell in to-day and killed 14 men. Altogether some 50 people were buried, and 25 were found to have been injured.

nila .- The output of the Klondyke gold mines up to the present is estimated at £ 30,000,000.

MAY 23 .- A Manila telegram says that in the fight at Tarlac, 163 Tagalos surrendered to the American troops - Secretary Hay today gave an official breakfast to the Boer delegates. (This probably satisfied their appetites rather than their aspirations.)

MAY 24 .- A Cape telegram says that Mr. Fischer, the leader of the Boer commission in Washington, has informed President Kruger that there are great hopes that the United States government will move in the direction of peace between Great Britain and the Transvaal. -Prayers and religious services are being offered up in churches to the same end .- The British colony in New York celebrated the Queen's birthday with great enthusiasm .--The Chinese minister has protested against the order to inoculate all Chinese immigrants into San Francisco.- Kansas democrats have decided to support Mr. Bryan for the Presidency.

MAY 25.-The fall in prices in the cotton market has caused numerous failures amongst the merchants and brokers in cotton in New York, amongst the bankrupts being the house of Price, MacCormick. The liabilities are said to be over 13 million dollars. The price of cotton in May was 78, for June it decreased to 46, and deliveries for July are quoted at 44 with a downward tendency for future deliveries. (This terrible fall makes one wonder whether some speculators have not been rigging a cotton corner à la Leiter).-The U. S. minister in Pekin has addressed a strong note to the Chinese foreign office asking for the suppression of the "Boxers," and insisting on the proper protection of American residents, under penalty of armed interference. -The celebrated baritone Delpuente died to-day in Philadelphia .- The strikes in St. Louis are a source of disorder, and the police have had to interfere to restore peace.-The meat canning merchants of Chicago have asked the federal government to intervene on their behalf to prevent the new German law on the importation of meat taking effect to the prejudice and his daughter Stephanie, who some time of contracts entered into prior to its enactment.

MAV 26 .- At a meeting in, Fredericksburg which was attended by President McKinley, Gen. Sickles said it was impossible to hide from themselves that the only friendly nation they had during the Spauish' war was Great Britain. (A letter attributed to Lord Wolseley is going the rounds of the press on both sides of the Atlantic counselling an Anglo-American alliance to preserve the peace of the world. Lord Wolseley as a peer is entitled to prononuce his opinions on all political questions in the house of lords, but we doubt whether, as commander-in-chief of the British army, he would not feel restrained from active interference in international politics).

MAN 27 .- The New York Evening Post says that the American railway companies are organising a Boer emigration to South America. (This must be either a huge joke, or a huge blunder in transmission) .- The

MAY 26 .- General Gallifet in the senate to-day said it had been discovered that an officer of the staff in the ministry of war had divulged documents in relation to the Dreyfus case. The culprit's name is Fritsch, and he has been retired. (All patriotic Frenchmen would deplore the reopening of the monumental military scandil of the century, but it is satisfactory to know that in General Gallifet France has a minister of war whom she can trust to maintain military discipline) .- In St. Helier the military are protecting the quarter in which the French merchants do business, to prevent any further agressions. The police have arrested 30 of the ringleaders of the attacks on the French.

MAY 27 .- Several Parisian clubs have resolved to strike off all the Euglish members from their rolls, if the Bachelors' Club expels the Duke of Orleans .- Thirty millions of francs are to be expended on coast defences, the money being a surplus from the last navy estimates .- The Foureau-Lamy expedition has reached Lake Tchad.

### Italy.

MAY. 22 .- In Casale, Monteferrato, an exhibition has been opened to show the best means of combatting the phyloxera. (This is a right move in the right direction in the right place). - The Roman papers say that the commercial treaty between Italy and Brazil has now been definitely arranged. - It is aunounced that Italy is to obtain commercial facilities in Japan in consideration of allowing Japanese officers to serve in the Italian army and navy.

MAY 24 - The Pope has canonised two new saints, St. John de la Salle and Santa Rita of Cassia. His Holiness delivered an oration on the merits of the new saints and gave his benediction to an immense crowd of pilgrims, variously estimated from 50,000 to 60,000. The crush to get into St. Peter's was so great that several accidents are reported .-Cardinal Vanutelli has brought about a reconciliation between King Leopold of Belgium ago married against her father's wishes.

MAY 25. -The Popolo Romano says that King Humbert has signed the decree declaring Rio de Janeiro a dirty port, and all the other ports of Brazil as suspected. The same quarantine measures which were used in the case of the bubouic pest in Egypt will be adopted against Brazil, and the emigration of Italians to this country will be temporarily suspended in case matters get worse.

MAY 26 .- The Japanese minister at Rome was received in special audience by the minister of foreign affairs, and pressed for leave for army and naval officers from Japan being allowed to serve in the Italian army and navy. Visconti Venosta promised his favorable presentation to his colleagues .- There are to be imposing festivities in Pavia when King Humbert unveils the monument to the Cairoli family .- An Italian in Pretoria has informed the government that Gen. Botha has disbanded the Italo-Boer brigade, so the Italian press considers the war must be now at an end. (Other telegrams, however, say that the Italian officers and men were so unmanageable that Botha thought he was better off without them,

### United States.

MAY 22 .- The Colombian government has given official notice that it will consider as pirates all vessels hoisting the revolutionary flag .- The World says that 300 officers have lippines, but the government has denied permission .- English merchants are paying 50 cents a bushel for wheat in the New York market .- The news of a fresh outbreak of bubonic plague in Rio has caused a great sen sation in New York. All the Chinese in San Francisco are to be compulsorily inoculated. -The first case of bubonic plague amongst

MAY 22 .- M. Waldeck Rousseau, while giving the details of the late elections, which terminated in favor of the government, said that the release of Dreyfus and the closing of the process against him, was an act of humanity which tended towards the pacification of passions. He wound up by asking for legislation to prevent calumnies against the President and patriotic associations .- The Paris exhibition was beautifully illuminated to night. The number of visitors on Sunday last was 37,000. President Porfirio Diaz of Mexico will visit the exhibition in July next .- The Petit Journal has been made responsible for the publication of an article contrary to public morality.

MAY 23 .- The French troops under Col. Menascal have defeated the Algerian native chief Fati at Batis and has occupied a fortified position at Temminslon.- The French consul in Jersey, M. Grimand de Caux, has complained to the authorities of the bad treatment inflicted on Frenchmen in Stint Hélier during the popular rejoicings on receipt of the news of the relief of Mafeking .- M. Millerand, minister of commerce, has installed the jury chosen to make the awards in the great exhibition.

MAN 24 .- The husband of the journalist "Gyp" who was recently abducted after a meeting, threatens to reveal the names of the abductors, if the police continue silent on the scandalous fact .- The rumor is confirmed that the Emperor William will accompany the Czar to Paris to see the exhibition .- To-day, President Loubet opened the Russian military pavilion, and the Mexican section will be opened on Saturday. The British section was opened by M. Millerand yesterday.

MAN 25 .- The agitation in Morocco is increasing. Muley Mahomed, the pretender to the throne, made an attempt to escape from his prison, but was frustrated. Rumors are prevalent in Tangiers, that there is an entente cordiale between France and Spain as to the future government of Morocco. (There is a fact certain against these rumors, that Great Britain will see that Morocco does not become French territory.) - The Jersey disturbances are reported as likely to lead to serious trouble between France and England. (Bosh !) -The St. Heliers police have made several arrests, and the prisoners are to be summarily

and dismissed them accordingly.)

MAY 27 .- An explosion took place in a powder factory at Modena, killing three and injuring two others. The damages to the building were considerable .- Pope Leo XIII to-day beatified 77 martyrs who suffered in Tonkin and Cochin China. Over 30,000 persons were present in St. Peter's to witness the ceremony.

### Spain.

MAY 25.-Telegrams from Alicante say that that place presents a most animated appearance owing to the incoming of foreign astronomers, who have already begun to make preparations for observing the total eclipse of the sun on the 28th inst. M. Camille Flammarion, the great French astronomer, is expected to-day, and is to be made the recipient of an ovation. -The French and Spanish astronomers have taken umbrage because Sir N. Lockver and his British associates did not attend the festivities at Santa Pola. (Probably a full explanation will be forthcoming of the mistake).

MAY 27 .- The mayor of Alicante has visited the installations of the English astronomers at Santa Pola. These latter have satisfactorily explained their alleged discourtesy to the French and Spanish astronomers on the same spot. Camille Flammarion is expected from one moment to another and is to receive a great ovation .- Ex-deputy Mesa, director of the Anglo-Spanish bank, has been arrested for frauds on the bank.

### Portugal.

MAY 25 .- Yesterday a banquet took place in the royal palace in honor of Queen Victoria's birthday, presided over by the King and Queen of Portugal, and attended by the royal family and all the court officials. The British minister, Sir H. McDonnell, was unable to attend ou account of illness. The whole affair was brilliant .- An article in the Petit Rien of Brussels says that Portugal is aboat to pass through a terrible crisis as she has supported the strong against the weak in the Anglo-Boer war, and that the Portuguese republicans will know how to deal with the situation.

Up to March 27th the Mansion House Fund aggregated £\$17,000.

6

# THE RIO NEWS

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor

Contains a summary of news and a review of Brazilian affairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign vessels, the commercial report and price current of the market, tables of stock quotations and sales, a summary of the daily coffee reports and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazilian trade.

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EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION OFFICES :-

79, Rua Sete de Setembro.

HOSTOFFICE ADDRESS :- Caixa 258.

### RIO DE JANEIRO, MAY 29th, 1900.

WHETHER we believe that we have an outbreak of genuine bubonic pest in this city, or not, is now a matter of very little moment. We do not believe it, but as this is only a layman's opinion, based on personal impressions and a lack of confidence in the sincerity and trustworthiness of the medical officials under whose auspices the pest has been introduced to us, it is perhaps a matter which can not profitably be discussed. Unfortunately the mischief is done, the arrival of the pest has been hurriedly proclaimed, and all the machinery of sanitary restriction has been put into operation. Were the older and more experienced physicians responsible for the situation, we should promptly advise our readers to accept their decision and advice without question, but as we have quite a different class to deal with, all that we can do is to make a virtue of submission. Unhappily the fears of the Brazilian people have led them to surrender every right they possess to the sanitary official, who exercises for the moment absolute and irresponsible authority. We can therefore do no more than advise our readers to so order their lives as not to come in contact with these officials, and to comply with all their requirements. The disease, whatever it may be, is very mild, and is thus far less fatal, perhaps, than influenza. An official report of yesterday says that 46 suspected cases have been recorded, of which 9 have resulted fatally. Some of these cases are not officially declared to be bubonic pest, and two or three of the deaths were not really investigated. From this it is apparent that the disease is not malignant, and that under existing conditions there is really no cause for alarm, except perhaps from the arbitrary conduct of the officials themselves. Assuming it to be the pest, it is very mild in character and need not be feared. It is essentially a filth disease and may be combatted successfully by the employment of strict measures of cleanliness and disinfection. Restrictions on travel and in the sale of fruits and vegetables are comparatively useless, and so are quarantines. The plague slips through in spite of them. But as long as these measures give easy and remunerative employment to physicians without practice and to an army of employés they will be continued. But it is essential to say that restrictions which serve only to remove people from one unsanitary place to another, which deprive them of cheap, plentiful and wholesome food, which alarm the sick and render houses uninhabitable, and which really create a reign of terror, are more likely to promote the pest than to check it. If the government really wants to drive out the pest effectively, let us have an abundance of cheap food, regular employment, cheap baths, reiterated counsel about cleanliness, and plenty of water. We are less in need of exceptional measures than of reasonable treatment.

ON THE 22nd inst. the advocate of Messrs. Edward Ashworth & Co., and others, published an important reclamation relative to the provision of law prohibiting the importation of merchandise bearing labels in Portuguese, from foreign countries other than Portugal. He demonstrates clearly that this provision of law is a violation of the law of 14th October, 1887, which provides for the registry of trademarks, and of article 72, section 27 of the constitution which guarantees property rights in manufacturers' marks. He might also have added that it is a violation of the international trademark convention, to which Brazil is a party. We are informed that the British and German ministers have been for some time endeavoring to secure a favorable decision from the government upon the validity of trademarks in Portuguese registered by British and German manufacturers under the law of 1887, and with so great a measure of success that the minister of finance is now credited with the opinion that the law of 14th November last is an infringement on acquired rights, that it should be repealed, that a memorial should be presented to congress to this effect, and that he will prorogue the execution of the law to enable congress to take action. Now that the Brazilian government is apparently favorable to a recognition of the acquired rights of foreigners in registered trademarks, we understand that the American minister has also taken an interest in the matter, and we may therefore hope that influence enough to secure a repeal of this provision of law will soon be brought to bear.

THE

RIO

THERE are many reasons for believing that the principal influence behind the provision of law which forbids the importation of mer chandise bearing Portuguese labels, is that of the manufacturing chemists, who are seeking stremuously to drive all foreign medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations out of the Brazilian market. And in these lines the Americans will be principally affected as they have perhaps gone further than their competitors in preparing special labels in Portuguese for the Brazilian trade. The importance of these interests is so great that it is a mystery to us how the American minister could have ignored this prohibition so long. Inquiries and representations have been made by the manufacturers themselves and, to our knowledge, the minister's attention has been drawn to the subject, but it is only after others have taken the initiative that he ventures to take an interest in the matter. We should not like to say that he has likewise waited until assured of the friendly disposition of the Brazilian government, though the simultaneous announcement of the views of the minister of finance might warrant a suspicion in that direction.

As our readers know, we are not a disciple of the modern reciprocity school which aims to promote foreign trade by means of special reciprocity treaties, but as long as that theory subsists we believe that reciprocity should be a reality and that the representatives of every government should be watchful to prevent any evasion of the obligations arising under it. And yet, during the period which has elapsed since the renewal of reciprocity treaties came up for discussion in the United States, the trend of legislation in this country has been to evade anything approaching true reciprocity. The adoption of maximum rates on imports was not only designed to compel France and Italy to reduce their duties on Brazilian coffee, but it was designed to avoid the concession of any reduction in duties on American products. Under such a regime Brazil could promptly assure the United States that products of American manuficture are already favored by being placed on the lowest schedule and that nothing more can be done. In effect, then, Brazil practically yields nothing, while at the same time such laws as that of 14th November, 1899, of which the American minister seems to have been unconscious, are threatening to drive American products out of the Brazilian market.

MRS. GLADSTONE, the widow of the «Grand Old Man,» died yesterday. She was an ideal wife, not only her husband's natural companion but his chum, his encourager in times of discouragement, the heightener of his triumphs, the sharer of his sorrows, and his principal admirer. There is one memento of her in the ladies' gallery of the house of commons which is held stored. The grip of her hand in her accustomed place in the gallery as she listened to her husband's speeches night after night had worn away a mark on the famous «grill,» which was always proudly pointed out to visitors as «Mrs. Gladstone's mark.» A fitting helpmeet to the «Grand Old Man» was the "Grand Old Woman" who has just passed away full of years and universil esteem.

NEWS

ONE of the indirect results of wor, and it is not a light one, is the pension burden. And that it is a serious burden may be seen in the fact that the United States government has paid, since 1860, an aggregate of over \$2,500,-000,000 in pensions. Think what a crushing burden this is upon trade and industry! It means that every man, woman and child in the country has had to pay nearly \$10 each during these years, and that the contribution must go on until the last pensioner is dead. It means that \$62,500,000 a year have been added to the expenses of government, all of which must be drawn from trade and industry in one form or another. It means corruption, parasitical dependence on government bounty, intrigue and special legislation, together with a continuance of these evils for an indefinite period. And it means a precedent which every war will follow, to the final overthrow of the system and the form of government which protects it. Nothing but the enormous wealth and productive capacity of the United States could stand such a burden, to imitate which means ruin for the great majority of nations. In view of all this, would it not be wiser to think twice before going to war, for in the end there is defeat even for the victors.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

### From The Church Echo.

A CORRECTION.

We notice in The Rio News of the 22nd inst. this statement:

«We hear also that the business firms upon whose support the church principally  $de_{pen} ls$ , presented Mr. Crawshaw with a purse of 55 guineas on the eve of his departure.»

We can only assure *The Rio News* that they have heard wrongly, in as far as the majority of the subscribers to Mr. Crawsh w's testimonial were clerks in banks and houses living on small salaries. One house did actually subscribe.

As far as who supports the church or not is yet more open to question.

It is, we think, about time some one spoke out about these subscriptions.

TESTIMONIAL TO REV. IRVINE CRAWSHAW.

50\$000 cach: - A. H. Thomson, H. L. Wheatley, F. H. O. Tross, J. W. Applin, Wm. Reid; total 250\$000.

30\$000 each:-Edwin G. Wyatt, J. da Conceição Jr.; total 60\$000.

20\$000 each : - F. W. P. Dennis. John Crashley, Guy Hall, D. D. Keav, Wu. G. White, H. Evers, A. G. Lander, C. A. Robinson, H. Savile, J. Elworthy, J. W. Blake, B. W. R. Tatau, J. Tyler, G. H. Lomas, J. T. Maury, Wu. J. Jessop, Autonio L dos Sautos, W. H. Whichello, C. Evers; total 380\$000.

10\$000 each: - E. Harvey Statham, A. B. Shaw, O. W. Rolls, H. W. Hidden, F. Strube, N. Jackson, Hv. Miller; total 70\$000. 5\$000 each: - Kirl Walter, H. Miller Jr.; total 10\$000.

### SUMMARY :

Total amount subscribedRs.	1670\$000
Amount required to square	34 980
Rs. Expenditure :	1704 980
Bank draft for 50 guineas	1504\$480
5 sovereigns	145 500
Purse	55 000
· Rs.	1704\$980

### "ASSES" ENCORE.

Mr. Editor .- Your pachydermatous contemporary is so obstinate that one is tempted to classify him as a mule. He is vicious enough in all conscience, but science forbids. One who makes an ass of himself or others must be an ass by all the laws of generation. And how perfectly assinine is his so-called logic! The Specialor's anot really stupid, but only do stupid things» is «six of one and half a dozen of the others with his cilling all our officers «asses» in December last. The cleverest man on the face of God's earth does stupid things in trying times, or what others of meaner intelligence term stupid, but no one dreams of calling him an ass. When the «vicious-minded beggar» smirched his countrymen, White had retreated from Glencoe and Dundee on Ladysmith, and men like the braving guide of the Braz'n Refuse thought he had suffered an ignominious defeat. That move is now recognized as one of the most masterly military moves of the war. Capt. Lumbton suid at Portsmouth, a few weeks ago, that Gen. White "in saving Ladysmith sived Natal, in saving Natal he saved Cape Colony, in saving Cape Colony he saved the Empire.» The captain of the *Powerful* knew what he was talking about: the life-long misht did not, so classed White as an ass. The papers that follow his lead (Great Scott!) have my sympathies. Yours truly,

A BRITISHER.



MAY 21.—Senale.—The senate discussed the elections in Parahyba.—Chamber of Deputies. —By a vote of 76 to 57 the chamber declared Lient. Ovidio Abrantes duly elected deputy for Goyaz. The S. Paulo and Bahia delegations voted in a body against this decision, but the Pernambuco delegation and the delegations of the states north of Pernambuco voted in its favor. The Minas delegation was divided.

THE mania for imposing tax burdens on trade has found a new advocate in the poet Sylvio Romero, whose friends have found a seat and salary for him in the present chamber of deputies. On the 23rd inst. he introduced a bill declaring that all sales of merchandise exceeding 100\$ on periods of credit exceeding thirty days, must pay a proportional stamp tax. And to compel merchants to satisfy the exaction, the bill provides that no proofs other than written proofs, which means legally stamped contracts, etc., shall be accepted as evidence in court. Inasmuch as the transfer of a bill of lading must now pay a propor-tional stamp tax also, it will be seen that many articles of prime necessity imported and sold before arrival, will be very heavily taxed. This will particularly affect flour, kerosene, etc., and will probably compel some modification in the handling of these staples. In view of the impossibility of keeping dealers united in a common movement against such impositions, there is probably as yet no escape from them, but it would be a good answer to these tax exactions were merchants and dealers to unite on a strictly cash basis for all future transactions. Cash on delivery, without credits, transfers, or any other taxable document, would not only defeat all such blood-sucking schemes, but it would tend to put trade on a better and healthier basis. And besides this, it would also defeat the new bankruptcy law which was apparently framed specially for the convenience of dishonest debtors.

To the Editor of the Rio News.

*Rio, May 26th, 1900. Dear Sir.*—As Treasurer, may I ask you to correct an unintentionally wrong impression given by the notice of the above in your last issue.

No «business firm» subscribed to the «Testimonial,» which was solely formed by the individual contributions of a large number of Mr. Crawshaw's friends and well-wishers.

> Yours very truly, CHARLES E. M. TAVLOR.

The mistake above mentioned was wholly our own. On the 19th a friend informed us of the present to Mr. Crawshaw by ladies interested in the children's services, and it was incidentally mentioned at the same time that a purse of 55 guineas had been presented to him in the city, and the name of a gentleman who is at the head of an important business was mentioned in connection with it. We very naturally concluded that the subscription had been raised among the British banks and commercial houses, all of whom, we believe, are subscribers for the support of the church. Had we been able to go after the particulars, or had those interested sent them to us, the credit for the testimonial would have been properly given. As for the questions incidentally referred to by The Church Echo we have no interest in them, nor have we any intention of discussing them. We simply wish to give the news correctly, and we should be glad to have our readers send us the facts.-Ed. News.

### PRESENTATION 70 REV. IRVINE CRAWSHAW.

Rio de Janeiro, 26th May, 1900. To the Editor.

Dear Sir.—Enclosed please find official list of donations towards presentation to Rev. Irvine Crawshaw, also a note of how the money was expended.

I would feel obliged if you would kindly publish same in an early number of your valuable paper.

Thanking you in anticipation, I am

Yours sincerely, C. F. HARGREAVES.

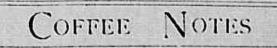
### LIST OF DONATIONS.

100\$000 cach:-T. A. Cross, Chas. F. Hargreaves, Chas. Taylor, S. Massey, Cecil Block, Rich'd Whichello, G. Gudgeon, J. D. Beswick Purchas, E. Johnston & Co.; total 900\$000.

MAY 22.—Senate.—The senate continued to discuss the Parahyba elections. For want of a quorum the vote was not taken.—Chamber of Depulies.—A petition of Messrs. Norton, Megaw & Co., asking for the payment of an account, was referred to the budget committee.

MAY 23.—Senate.—By a vote of 26 to 24 the senate declared Marshal Almeida Barreto duly elected senator for Parahyba.—Chamber of Deputies.—Deputy Sylvio Romero introduced a bill providing that a written contract subject to the proportional stamp tax shall be required in all cases in which merchandise whose value exceeds 100\$ shall be sold on credit for a period exceeding 30 days. In his speech defending this bill he said that it would produce public revenue to the amount of 10,000,-000\$. Two other bills were introduced by this deputy. One of them limits to the maximum of 3,000 men the armed force at the disposal of any state government, and the other limits state land grants to 17,424 hectares.

MAY 25.— Senate.—Dr. Candido Barata Ribeiro was declared duly elected senator for the Federal District. Senators Alvaro Machado and Almeida Barreto discussed political affairs in Parahyba.— Chamber of Deputies.— By a vote of 99 to 11 the chamber refused to admit to discussion Deputy Sylvio Romero's bill on the armed forces of the state governments.



- A correspondent writes to the *Imperio* that the coffee crop along the lines of the Paulista railway is small and of inferior quality.

-A telegram of the 25th inst. states that the S. Paulo coffee crop has been injured by heavy rains. In districts in which the gathering of the crop had commenced the loss is estimated at 20 per cent.

-It may be confidently assumed that the losses incurred in the coffee market through the imposition of quarantines on account of the bubonic pest will have to be borne by the planters. The heavy crops and the large stocks in consuming markets will give the buyer sufficient advantage over the seller to enable him to dictate terms.

# LOCAL NOTES

- The greatest pest to which we are now exposed is the sanitary doctor and his arbitrary restrictions.

-Happy is the man who has nothing and is doing nothing, for from him the government can take nothing away.

- We see by local papers that Minister Bryan gave a reception to Admiral Schley and his officers at the American legation in Petropolis on the 23rd inst.

- There are not a few in this country, as well as elsewhere, who cultivate «toadying» as though it were a virtue. But there are fools here also, as well as elsewhere.

- The lawyers of the prisoners in the conspiracy case have again protested against the delay in the judicial proceedings. This delay certainly shows a lamentable disregard for personal liberty.

- "Why did Murtinho's senator vote against declaring Epitacio's candidate duly elected senator for Parahyba? - "Because Epitacio's police fails to protect Murtinho from burglars and parasites."

- «An Auxious Inquirer» wishes to be informed whether there is really plague at Rio de Janeiro. Undoubtedly. If the disease in question is not a plague, the sanitary authorities and their vagaries certainly are.

- Now that Deputy Sylvio Romero proposes to reduce to the maximum of 3,000 men the armed force at the disposal of any state government we recommend a vigorous effort for obtaining also a large reduction in the federal army.

-A Havana telegram of the 22nd inst. says that no cases of yellow fever have appeared in that city for some time past. Would it not be a good idea to invite General Wood to come here and relieve Rio of its epidemic pests also?

-On the 23rd inst. Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, accompanied by Captains Rockwell, Allibone and Merrill and his staff, of the American squadron now at anchor in this port, was formally presented to President Campos Salles by Minister C. P. Bryan.

- It is a significant circumstance that additions to the staff of sanitary inspectors are being demanded. It will not be the sanitary official's fault if his army of smellers and tasters, sprinklers and smokers, quizzers and scribblers and microbe-hunters, does not soon outnumber even the soldiers and tax-collectors.

-If strong smells are effective against infections and contagious diseases, then Rio ought never to have had an epidemic of any sort. It is evident, however, that diseases propagated in filth will not be kept off by the smell of carbolic acid and other disinfectants. Soap and water frequently used will be far more effective.

-We have been somewhat surprised to find that Sr. José Estevam has been writing to the *Correio Paulistano* about the financial situation and the President's optimism in much the same strain that we have been doing. Possibly he has been reading *The Rio News*, or possibly he has been reflecting — which practically comes to the same thing.

-Not content with sending persons who have been in contact with suspected cases, to the old Jurujuba hospital for quarantine, the sanitary officials have selected the S. Sebastião hospital, at Cajú, for the same purpose. Both have been used for yellow fever and smallpox. It would be enough to give a timid or nervous person the pest, just to pass a night there. Even the *Paiz* has felt compelled to protest against the outrage.

- We have much pleasure in stating that Mr. F. Strube, the indefatigable librarian of the British Subscription Library is on his feet again after a severe attack of influenza. Mr. Strube is the most unobtrusive useful man in all Rio in his many-sided characters, and if we could only manage to get a chat with him on his experiences as sergeant of artillery in the Paraguayan war, our readers would have some thrilling reading.

- It would seem that Sylvio Romero's poetic organization completely broke down the other day after presenting a bill for a new taxing scheme, inasmuch as he immediately afterwards applied for a two months leave of absence to treat of his health. The taxpayer, we fear, will hardly feel satisfied with the poet's legislative service, viz. 2½ months pay at 755000 a day, in compensation for a bill to increase commercial taxation.

- In view of the anonymous letters sent to us which are worse than an open enemy's bullets, we have quite resolved to apply to the British government for a pension when the war is over. To be taken for an *inglez* and subjected to the kind of wit current in these latitudes, because of the war in South Africa, is fully equivalent to service at the front during the war with at least half a dozen bad wounds. If the war lasts much longer we shall be a wreck.

— On last Wednesday the prisoners in the conspiracy case appeared before the supreme court, but only one of the judges voted in favor of their release. This was Dr. Pisa e Almeida, a judge who is noted for his respect for law and justice. It seems to us that there ought to be some remedy in law for unjust delays resulting in a long and indefinite term of imprisonment for men, who, until they shall have been proved to be guilty of some crime, are supposed to be innocent.

- If we are to have a thorough cleansing of all the sources of disease infection and the means of spreading the germs of infectious disease, then something must surely be done with the dirty, ragged currency now in circulation. It is probably the cause of more infection than any other medium in the country. And the danger is all the greater because the government takes little or no pains to renew small notes, leaving them to pass from hand to hand even when in a dangerously dirty condition.

-The national museum, which is installed in the old S. Christovão palace, and is under the direction of the well known biologist, Dr. J. B. de Lacerda, was officially re-opened on the 25th inst., in presence of President Campos Salles and Minister Epitacio Pessoa. It is matter for congratulation that the valuable and interesting collections belonging to the museum are again open to public inspec-

- It is worthy of remark that were the United States to impose an import duty of three cents a pound on Brazilian coffee, the tax would be only about one-third of the French reduced tax which the Brazilian government is willing to accept. Brazil would therefore have no excuse for retaliation as the United States would still be collecting less than France and Italy.



-The São Paulo municipal council is again offering 400 reis for dead rats.

-At Januaria in the northern part of Minas Geraes over ten persons are said to have recently died of starvation.

-Dr. Severino Vieira, ex-minister of industry and governor-elect of the state of Bahia, arrived at Bahia on the 22nd inst. where he was received with great enthusiasm. -The S. Paulo suntary officials want to have one of the daily trains on the Central suppressed during the scare. They also want secret detectives to travel on the trains to

-A Montevidéo telegram of the 27th inst. says that the castilhista authorities of Rio Grande do Sul have asked for the arrest of alleged Brazilian conspirators residing at Tacuarembo.

-It is stated there are large rice crops in the vicinity of S. Carlos do Pinhal. We trust that the S. Carlos farmers will be more fortunate than those of Contendas in finding a market for their rice.

-In the state of Parahyba disturbances continue to be reported. Cachoeira and Ingá have been attacked and an attack on Campina is threatened. In the fighting at Cachoeira a sub-delegado was killed.

-The budget for this year estimates public revenue at 341,285,667\$, that is 312,938,000\$ in currency and 28,347,667\$ in gold. But, unless future returns show an improvement over those that have thus for been made public, the revenue for the year will not exceed 300,000,000\$:

-The city of Rio Grande has recently been afflicted with what the doctors call an epidemic, but they are unable to agree upon its character. Some of them call it yellow fever, another says it is a malignant type of influenza, while still another is convinced that it is bubonic pest.

-The state government of Rio Graude do Sul has purchased a collection of eggs possessed by Sr. Affonso Correia, comprising 360 specimens, all of birds found in that state. The collection is for the state museum, and the price paid was 2,000\$, or an average of 5\$555 per egg.

-A Montevidéo telegram of the 24th inst, says that in consequence of an intended mutiny some of the guards of the Livramento custom-house were sent to João Francisco's camp, where they were barbarously punished. A part of them were even put to death, their throats being cut by João Francisco's soldiers.

-The governor of the state of Rio de Janeiro has again vetoed the budget. The extraordinary session of the state legislature which, in consequence of the previous veto, had been called to vote this budget, cost the state treasury 295,6805. It would now be timely to inquire who represents the people of the state, the governor, or the legislative assembly ? -There was a report current in S. Domingos on Saturday last that a mob of indignant citizens intended to attack and burn the Jurujuba hospital where the bubonic «suspects» are taken, because of the restrictions put on traffic , across the bay. It would be a serious mistake to assault a hospital where innocent people are confined. Better hold the sanitary officials responsible. -Advices from Manáos state that the Acre revolutionary junta has made Colonel Braga president of the republic, which has been divided into three provinces. It will have an army of 5,000 men, military service will be obligatory, the Brazilian penal code has been adopted, a customs service has been organized, imports will pay no duties for one year, etc. Col. Rodrigo de Carvalho has been commissioned to proceed to Rio de Janeiro to confer with President Campos Salles. -Having become greatly frightened over the appearance of the peste nunonica in Rio. the good people of Nictheroy have forbidden the importation of fruits, vegetables, meats, soiled clothes, etc., from that pest-ridden city, and now want all the passengers crossing on the barcas to be subjected to some sort of a fumigation. What good all this will do we cannot conjecture. If they would have some of the «unwashed» who cross on the barcas every day, subjected to an occasional bath, and have the barcas washed a little more frequently, some good might result, but to steam those who keep themselves clean and are engaged in clean occupations would be as foolish as it is unnecessary.

-The Botanical Garden company has begun the removal of the old building on Rua do Russell, as agreed upon with the prefect.

-It is stated that in consequence of the general and state taxes on railway fares there has been a decrease of over 30 o/o in the passenger traffic of the Cataguazes railway.

-Travellers over the Central railway should bear in mind that sanitary passports and disinfections are now required. The day express has been suppressed and passenger travel is for the present confined to the night trains. Baggage must be sent to the station before 2 p. m. for disinfection, and passengers must appear one hour before the train starts for personal disinfection. Travelling will not be a pleasure.

-The S. Paulo sinitary officials want to have one of the daily trains on the Central suppressed during the scare. They also want secret detectives to travel on the trains to watch people and sanitary inspectors to take general charge. It is bad enough to have these sanitary inspectors forcing themselves into our houses and meddling with our domestic affairs, but if they are to be permitted to run railway trains then we propose to travel on foot.

—The estimated traffic receipts of the Leopoldina railway for the week ending May 19th were 221.829\$ in currency, against 276,057\$ in the corresponding week of last year, showing a decrease of 54,228\$. The exchange rate was 8 9/16 d. against 7 21/32 d. last year, the sterling equivalents of the foregoing returns being  $\pounds$  7.914 this year, against  $\pounds$  8.807 in 1899. a decrease of  $\pounds$  893. The aggregate receipts since 1st January have been  $\pounds$  187,964 this year, against  $\pounds$  162,545 last year, a gain of  $\pounds$  25.419.

- The approximite weekly traffic returns of the Recife and São Francisco railway (77 ½ miles), compared with the corresponding week of last year, are as follows:

For week ending	April 1.11h: 1900	1899	increase
reight traffic kilos	2,763 989	2,560,442	203,547
assengers car-	9.431 15	7,560	1,871 1/2
do since Jan.13	37.982\$340 \$38,406\$200	29,954\$420 654,364\$330	8,027\$920 184,101\$870
For week ending	April 21st: 1900	1899	increase
reight traffic, kilos	3,306,535	2,289.755	1,016,780
Passengers car- ried	9,196	7.855 1/2	1,340 15
total receipts, week, do since Jan.	46,035 <b>*</b> 570 884,441\$770	31,3145700 685,6195030	14,690\$870 198,792\$749

-The prefect and the Botanical Garden tramway company have arrived at an agreement. The former permits the latter to suppress the return tickets. The company agrees to demolish a building belonging to it on Rua do Russell and to keep the pavement in repair between rails and for 50 centimetres on the outer sides on the streets occupied by the company's tramways. Thus partly relieved of its primordial duty of keeping the pavements in order, the city government will have more money to spend on office-holders. And the public? Well, the public, at whose expense this little arrangement is made, has the consolation of knowing that its children and grand-children at the end of 30 years may hope for a reduction of 10 % in fares, provided the company's shareholders are then receiving dividends averaging to o/o and provided also that in the meantime nothing occurs to cause an increase, instead of a reduction, in fares.

RAILROAD NOTES

-It is stated that on the Paulista railway there will be three additional trains every day for the convenience of persons who wish to attend the Araras fair.

-We hear that tradesmen in the vicinity of the new offices of the Leopoldina company on the Rua da Lapa are disinclined to go to any extra expense to accommodate the company's employés, because they think that another change is sure to be made should the new offices prove to be unhealthy when the next hot season comes. SHIPPING NOTES

- The Portuguese cruiser D. Carlos I left this port on the 24th on her return to Lisbon. - The United States cruiser «Montgomery» left the dry dock yesterday. the necessary

repairs having been completed. —A New York telegram of the 22nd inst. says that rigorous precautions have been taken there with arrivals from Rio de Janeiro.

- The passengers who left Rio on the 27th inst. by the Lamport & Holt liner »Wordsworth» for New York, were the following : Mr. and Mrs. S. Conill, Miss Emily Conill and 43 third-class.

— The unfortunate «Jeanara,» that left with a cargo of Argentine cattle to the Cape, and lost 60  $^{\circ}/_{\circ}$  of her cargo from grano malo on the way, now finds that the Portuguese authorities in Beira refuse to allow a single head of vile stock to be landed from the ship.

-The sanitary restrictions on coast traffic imposed by the health authorities is causing much inconvenience and loss to the coasting lines. An obligation to undergo quarantine and disinfection at Ilha Grande at the beginning of the voyage is more than most passengers care to endure.

-The sanitary authorities at Buenos Aires and Montevideo have imposed the following quarantines against Brazilian arrivals: - from Rio de Janeiro to days; from Rio Grande do Sul S days; from Santos 5 days. As long as we make fools of ourselves, we can not complain when others do the same.

- The Lamport & Holt steamer "Buffon" which arrived in Rio on the 26th inst. from New York, Pernambuco and Bahia, brought the following passengers: Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Akers, Dr. and Mrs. Leandro Maciel and family (3). Messrs. S. Dias, R. Coelho, F. Porfeiro, F. R. Monteiro, V. S. D. Alencon and 4 third-class.

-Among the arrivals from New York on Sunday last we have much pleasure in noting that of Mr. C. E. Akers, the genial correspondent of *The Times*, who is accompanied by his wife and will spend some time in Rio. Mr. Akers has joined the Benedicts since he was last here, and the new firm will be heartily congratulated by all his old friends.

-Telegrams this morning tell us that the eclipse of the sun on the 28th inst. was observed with the greatest success by astronomers from all parts of the civilised world at Ovar in Portugal, Alicante in Spain, San Francisco in the United States, and other places. The day was eminently suited for these observations, and interesting reports are likely to result.

-Rowdyism seems to be a regular thing on the Botanical Garden trams since the prefect declared war on the company and authorized passengers to refuse payment. The *mocidade* has not been slow to take advantage of the licence, and now these young rowdies can not be stopped. The prefect should have foreseen this when he gave them permission to do as they please.

-A good illustration of the unreasoning foolishness of our sanitary officials was given a few days since when a boatman on the health officer's launch, in coming alongside a steamer just arrived from the River Plate, put out his hand against the steamer to prevent the launch from bumping. The health officer promptly compelled him to wash his hands in a solution of disinfectant !

-In spite of the very rainy weather an enjoyable concert and ball were given at the International Club of Icarahy on Saturday evening last. There was a fairly good attendance, though the bad weather kept many ladies away. We trust that next time the Club will be favored with better weather. Our thanks are due to the officers of the Club for the courteous invitation sent to us.

— We understand that a secret vigilance committee is about to be organized for the purpose of lynching persons who invent plague outbreaks for political and personal reasons. They say that the community can not stand the strain of such scares and business losses any longer, and they are convinced that the quickest way to end them is to string up a few sanitary speculators to the lampposts.

tion and study. The director will accept our sincere thanks for the invitation sent to this office.

- Senator Quintino Bocavuva is reported to have said that until the chamber of deputies declares all of Alberto Torres' candidates duly elected he will not consider his own election valid. We do not always adopt the senator's opinions, but on the present occasion, it gives us pleasure to state, we not only accompany him but even go a step farther in the same direction. No matter what may be the chamber's decision in regard to those candidates, we shall not be convinced of the validity of the senator's election.

-The medical officer of the state of Rio de Janeiro, Dr. Jorge Pinto, deserves the warmest commendation, for he is managing to preserve his mental balance and is keeping cool. He says that any attempt to disinfect the passengers crossing from Rio to Nictheroy every day would be impossible and ridiculous, and would also be worthless. He calls attention to the fact that the pest arises from filth, and that the best preventive is cleanliness, and he therefore recommends doctors and citizens to pay particular attention to this point.

-Among the passengers which left for home last week by the R. M. S. «Minho» was Mr. R. L. Hyde, popularly known among a host of old friends as «Johnny Hyde.» A resident of this capital for about 35 years, he has seen many changes in the English colony and had, perhaps, as wider circle of acquaintances than most of us. Fortune failed to smile upon him, much as he may have deserved it, and he now returns to the old country poor in pocket, but rich in the good wishes of those who have known him for so many years.

-The American minister never does anything of a social character by halves. His ball on the 24th inst. in Petropolis was a pronounced success. Admiral Schley was, of course, the lion of the evening, but the minister himself ran him close. The ladies were at their best, and all thoroughly enjoyed the naval band which attended by permission of Admiral Schley. One of the diplomats present assured us that he never enjoyed a better evening in his life. At the risk of betraying the confidence accorded to us we must retail one good thing. He said that at the wind up, most of those present wanted to finish with «God save Bryan,» but the metre would not scan, and the two national anthems objected to the name.

-Having discovered two dead rats at the City Club, the Petropolis diarios are to be in the Jornal do Commercio excelled himself subjected to disinfection every time they go up to Petropolis. At least, so the report goes. It will probably interfere somewhat with the healthfulness of Petropolis for a time, and the advertisement of dead rats will go out of fashion.

- We have received from Sr. Tobias Rios, compositor on the staff of the Jornal do Commercio, a remarkable specimen of rule composition representing the long façade of the building occupied by the national printing office. It shows exceptional skill in the use of printers materials, and great patience in the cutting and fitting of rule to represent the stone work and ornamental architectural designs. It is a very creditable piece of work and would atract attention everywhere. Sr. Rios should send a copy of it to the Inland Printer.

-Two very timely and welcome legacies have just been received here from an old time resident of Rio, Mr. R. W. Garrett, recently deceased — one of £ 45 (£ 50 less 10 °/o legacy duty) by the British Benevolent Fund and another of a similar amount by the Rio Seamen's Mission. Only the older members of all the professional pride of his class, together our colony will remember Mr. Garrett, who left Brazil for England over twenty years ago. He was a resident here for many years, and was at one time partner in the house of Charles Spence & Co., and was afterward, we believe, with Clark & Co.

-«I hear it whispered at the café, where all the conspiracies are hatched," observed Smalwyt reflectively, «that the true cause of the present outbreak of bubonic pest in this city is Campos Salles' disinclination just now to go to Buenos Aires. You see he's afraid to go and leave his legal deputy in charge, and he can't tell Roca the true reason. So the bubonic pest has been discovered all over the place, which will not only keep Campos Salles at home, but will make business lively and remunerative for the official branches of the medical fraternity.»

-The total eclipse of the sun which took place yesterday was only a partial one at Greenwich. The best views were to be obtained in California, across the northern part of the Gulf of Mexico, from Ovar in Portugal across Spain to Alicante, and from Algiers to Assenan on the Nile. These eclipses recur after intervals of 18 years and 11 days. which comprise 223 lunar months. This eclipse was a return of that of May 17, 1882, May 6, 1864, April 25, 1846, etc. We wish many happy total eclipses (of the sun, of course) to our readers.

- We have frequently alluded to the inadvisability of preparing new officers for the army, since not only does the government continue to maintain skeleton battalions and regiments for the purpose of giving employment to the present officers, but also pays over a thousand supernumerary officers and maintains a much larger army than is warranted by the financial situation of the country. We are pleased to see that an army officer, writing in yester. day's Jornal do Commercio, agrees with us and recommends the closing of the two preparatory schools and the suspension of matriculations at the military school. - On the occasion of the Queen's birthday anniversary on the 24th inst. there were many callers at the British consulate general, and there would have been still more had it not been that the 24th was also a church holiday and business houses were closed. Among the callers were the venerable Visconde de Barbacena, who never fails to call and tender his compliments on this day. Count d'Arco Valley, German minister, Dr. Honorio Ribeiro, president of the Associação Commercial, Mr. Adolfo Basañez, cousul general of Uruguay, and Mr. Leonardos, consul-general for Greece. Mr. Bolstad, consul for Sweden and Norway, was unable to call but sent to Vice-Consul Rhind his cordial greetings on the occasion. -We have received the list of fixtures for 1900 of the Rio Cricket and Athletic Association, and congratulate the Club, both on its fixtures and the extremely neat card they have issued. In this latter respect they are certainly ahead of us, for the card referred to is quite the neatest we have seen since we left the old country where club funds allow of such luxuries being indulged in. Among the cricket fixtures, by the way, we note that the dates July 13th. 14th, and 15th have been set aside for a match with the River Plate, and, we sincerely trust, not without just cause. Circulars have already been issued inviting players to undertake this trip, and giving further particulars, and we hope that one and all will do the best in their power to help to send an eleven to Rio next July. - River Plate Sport and Pastime. \_The Noticia of last evening gave a summary of the cases of suspected bubonic pest since the alleged outbreak on the 6th, which is a follows : 32 cases sent to isolated hospital, of which 1 died ; 13 notifications of cases not removed, of which 2 died before the notification and 2 after. This summary includes the 27th. The Noticio quotes a hospital report, however, which gives a list of 24 recognized cases, of which 2 have been fatal. The hospital and press lists do not agree, however, and it is impossible to reconcile them. There appears to have been discovered, we conclude, up the 27th, 45 suspected cases, of which 6 were fatal. No declaration has been made, however, that two of these fatal cases were of bubonic pest, and they may be set aside. Several suspected cases have been found to be of ordinary diseases. The Noticia also gives a list of 50 persons who have been removed and quarantined for having been in contact Mr. Broad our hearty congratulations on the public revenue this year will be at least equal with suspected cases.

- The smart writer of the « Dia a Dia » notes on Saturday last on the subject of the Boer mission to the United States. Taking as his base the telegram, which appears in another United States for peace in favor of the Transvaal against the big battalions (which God is supposed to favor), he naively contrasts the fruitless appeal to the United States government with the (probably) equally fruitless appeal to the higher Power. President Kruger and his devout tollowers, says the writer, have been praying night and day without effect. The question with them at the present moment is whether God can say no to the United States. We fully appreciate all the allusions to Cuba and the Philippines. The whole article was a splendid specimen of brilliant Brazilian journalism and satirical writing, without a single word or deduction to hurt the feelings of the most fastidious.

-«Of all the mischief-making fools in this poor sinful world of ours,» remarked Smalwyt sorrowfully, "I am convinced that the halfeducated doctor is about the worst. He has with an immense amount of professional conceit born of ignorance and assumption. You can't oppose him, nor even reason with him. He admits nothing, he learns nothing, and he yields nothing. He is worse than a plague of seven kinds of devils. Give him an official position, and he will over-ride law, justice and decency. Martial law is nothing compared with his rule. Just see what he is doing ! He goes about ordering sick people off to the plague hospital, and everyone near them to the quarantine station, which is by preference an old small-pox hospital, and then off he goes without taking the slightest precaution. He thinks that an official can not carry infection, although he thinks nothing of shutting up others to prevent it. If the fool-killer would only come along, what a service he could render us !» And Smalwyt turned so red in the face that we had to close the window to prevent some prowling sanitary inspector from catching sight of him.

-An exceedingly interesting lecture on «Spiritualism» was delivered by Dr. Felicio dos Santos before the members of the Circulo Catholico da Mocidade, Rua Santo Antonio No. 17, on Sunday last, before a select audience. The club was established about September last and has done good work for the intellectual improvement and healthy amusement of the members. We understand that the Messrs. Mawson and Lynch were amongst the most active founders, which probably accounts for the fact that a large proportion of the members are British or Anglo-Brazilian catholics. The lecturer, in the course of his exceedingly able address, treated his subject in the most exhaustive mannerspiritualism, occultism, Buddhism, theosophy, Aryanism, clap trap, all were brought to the touch-stones of ancient doctrine and modern science. At the close he received a hearty round of applause for the intellectual treat he had afforded his numerous hearers. Mr. E. L. Lynch, president of the club, acted as chairman, and the audience included the Archbishop of Rio, many distinguished public men and representatives of the press, Dr. Carlos de Laet and Conselheiro Ferreira Vianna are to be the next lecturers, but they will find it difficult to maintain the high standard set by Dr. Felicio dos Santos.

-The fine of 1,300\$ imposed on Messrs. Hasenclever & Co. for neglecting to stamp a receipt has been reduced to 600\$. Consequently the informer, instead of receiving 650\$, gets only 300\$, which is really all he column of this issue, that prayers and religious deserves, being, we understand, the currency ceremonies were being offered up in the equivalent, at the present rate of exchange, for thirty pieces of silver. It is, we presume, too much to expect that, overwhelmed with disappointment, in default of remorse, he will have the grace to observe the precedent in the remaining details.

> -Some weeks ago we mentioned the failure of a confiteria, not far from the upper end of the Ouvidor, whose proprietor had offered his creditors five per cent. We are now informed that the said creditors, despairing of doing better under the new bankruptcy law, have resolved to accept the offer. The case is evidently a swindle, as the proprietor has only just rebuilt, refitted and restocked the place at a heavy expense, which was apparently done with the intention of defrauding those who have furnished cash, material and labor. The protection of such men is no credit to the country.

> -An exchange says that Senator Rockhall is going to South America to foment commercial relations between the United States and the countries of this continent. The United States government seems to be convinced that «protection» is a great obstacle to trade with the southern republics, but it is apparently not yet convinced of the necessity of removing that obstacle before negotiating for trade. Besides this, when the senator arrives in Brazil he will find that the American example has been so faithfully copied that two barriers, instead of one, now hinder the healthful and profitable exchange of products.

# FINANCIAL NOTES

-Reis non verba. The minister of finance burned 2,000,000\$ and 5,000 apolices last Saturday-and glories in it !

-What is done with the mutilated and called-in money which is redeemed at the caixa da amortisação? There should be a reis non verba bonfire of the stuff.

-The criticisms of Argentine finances made by the directors and shareholders of the Great Southern Railway Co. of Buenos Aires, has given great offense to the politicians in the capital of the Plate, as we learn by a telegram this morning.

-Now that the existence of the bubonic plague has been once more officially proclaimed we renew our 'demand for a general reduction in taxes so that the people may not continue to be deprived of the means required for self-preservation. It is useless to recommend cleanliness, a sufficiency of wholesome food and other sanitary precautions to those who are unable to pay for them.

-Those who wish to know how Brazilians really regard their own financial position should read the message of the president of Pará, which is published in an English translation by our local bete noir. It is clipped and chipped in a free and easy-and somewhat incompetent manner - but the pith and the bunkum and the solid truths are there all the

-The tribunal of accounts has ordered the registration of the sum of 100,000\$ in gold and that of 408,291\$395 in currency placed at the disposal of the London treasury agency for the purpose of paying for the treasury notes and consumption tax stamps furnished by Messrs. Bradbury, Wilkinson & Co.

-Smith claims to have received information from a trustworthy source that the following bill will shortly be introduced in one of the houses of congress:-«Art. 1. No one shall do business in Brazil without obtaining a special license for each separate transaction. Art 2. For such license the general, state and municipal governments will collect whatever sums they choose to demand, Art. 3. Licenses can be obtained only through the medium of protegés of general, state and municipal office-holders, who will frame schedules of fees to be paid by applicants. Art. 4. If after paying the cost of their licenses, the fees and other expenses, the applicants have any money left, they will pay it into the general, state and municipal treasuries in the shape of fines.»

COMMERCIAL.
Rio de Janeiro, May 29th, 1900.
r value of the Brazilian milreis (1\$000),
do of the Brazilian milreis (15000) in U. S. coin at \$4,86,65 per $\measuredangle$
do \$1.00 (U. S. coin) Brazilian gold. 1\$827
do of £1stg. in Brazilian gold 8 Soo
nk rate of exchange, official, on London
esent value of the Brazilian mil reis
(gold)
(paper) 333 rs. gold esent value of the Brazilian mil reis
in U. S. coin at $$4.80$ per $\mathcal{L}$ t stg
Brazilian currency (paper) 55400
lue of 1 sterling
EXOL INCL.
EXCHANGE.
May 21.—In spite of the unsteadiness of the market tes improved and a fair amount of business was ausacted.
Official quotations on London were :
Bank bills opening 8 c/16-8 5a
Private bills opening 8 11/16 » b closing 8 3/2
Official value of the milreis 317-322 reis gold.
May 22.—There was less animation during the day ad rates varied frequently, quotations at the close sing firm,
Official quotations on London were :
Bank bills opening 8 5%-8 11/16 """ closing 8 23/32 Private bills opening 8 3/4 """ closing 8 3/4-8 25/32
Official value of the milreis 320-322 reis gold. May 23-Today's market was firm and a large busi-
official quotations on London were as follows:
oment quotitions on London were as tonows:

### CONGRATULATORY TELEGRAM.

The following congratulatory telegram was sent to Col. Baden-Powell on the 23rd inst. in the name of the British Colony of Rio de Janeiro :

Rio de Janeiro 23 May, 1900.

Baden-Powell and gallant comrades, Mafeking. - Thanks upholding old country's prestige.-Brilish Colony, Rio de Janeiro.

### MARRIAGE.

BAUMANN-BRANCANTE .- On the 23rd inst. by the Rev. John D'Arcy, M. A., CHARLES ALFRED BAUMANN to MARIA, youngest daughter of Dr. Manoel Alves da Costa Brancante, Rio de Janeiro.

### DEATH.

GIFFORD .- At Passagem, Minas Geraes, on the 19th inst. LESLIE HOLMAN, son of Henry J. and Annie B. Gifford, aged S months.

# **BUSINESS** NOTES

-At Uberaba, Minas Geraes, the Indian corn crop, which is smaller than was expected, is selling at So\$ per cartload.

-The treasury is seriously considering an offer for the farming out of the sale of revenue stamps in this city. Are we not already hampered by monopolies to a sufficient extent?

-The water works and electric plant at Petropolis have cost 4,586,798\$650. The receipts amounted last year to 401,263\$723 and the expenses to 191,303\$248. The number of public lamps was S51 and electric light was funished to 90S houses at an average cost of 428700 for each house.

-Advices from London announce the appointment of Mr. E. A. Benn, formerly manager of the London and Brazilian Bank in this city, to the post of sub-manager of the head office of the same bank in London. Mr. F. Broad, who has been acting manager in Rio for some time past, has been appointed manager. We have much pleasure in offering appointment.

same. Revenous à nos moutons.

-It is a curious circumstance that the London papers published a summary of President Campos Salles message in a Reuter's dispatch dated May 2. As Renter's agent (J. C. R.) was in London at the time, the inference is that the government sent forward to him its own summary, which naturally was as favorable as they could make it. It matters very little now, but at the same time it is just as well that the London press should know all about it.

-President Campos Salles seems to have discovered that he made a blunder in overtaxing the people and, while he has thus far shown no intention of correcting the mistake by reducing taxation he at least promises in his message that he will not again increase the taxpayer's burdens. But the average congressman apparently thinks that there is no bottom to the tax-payer's purse, and now Deputy Sylvio Romero purposes to impose upon trade the additional burden of 10,000,000\$ per annum.

-The receipts of the Ceará custom-house amounted in April of the last four years to the following sums :

1897	447,000\$000
1898	379.934\$439
1899	325,002\$741
1900	190,256\$283

With this custom-house we now have returns for the month of April from 9 custom-houses and the Rio de Janeiro general revenue office with the following result :

1898	15,863,9985141
1899	15,291,903\$712
1900	12,386.009\$627

-The following is a comparative statement of the combined gold and currency receipts of the custom-houses and Rio de Janeiro general revenue office as far as has been ascertained up to the present :

1899

1000

Reported in our last issue .... 76,227,501\$727 59.205.949\$890 Additional re-

turns.... 3.919.087\$828 3.399.502\$121

### Total ..... 80,147.489\$555 62,605,452\$011

The decrease was 17,542.037\$544. Does President Campos Salles still think that the to that of 1899?

Official quotations on London were as follows: Bank bills ..... opening S 11/16 

Official value of the milreis 322-324 reis gold.

May 24 .- Church holiday.

May 25.-Today's market was strong again with an upwards movement and some business was reported. The official quotations on London were :

ng S 13/16
ing 8 25/32
ng 8 27/32-8 3/3

May 26.-The firmness of the preceding day prevailed throughout the day and many business transactions were reported.

Official quotations on London were :

Bank bills	opening	S 13/16-S M
10 P		8 %
Private bills	opening	8 27/32
	closing	8 29/32-8 15/16
Official value of the mile	reis 319-3	24 reis gold.

### MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 29th May, 1900.

### Exports.

Coffee .- The market continued dull and with buth slight movement during the week, the reported sales for five days being only about 23,000 bugs, against 33,000 in the preceding week and 61,000 the week before that. The rise in exchange led buyers to expect concessions in currency prices, which sellers refused to meet. On the contrary there was a slight advance in prices. The receipts were 21,545 bags, and the shipments 25,371 bags. Yesterday the same state of things ruled, and buyers declined to enter the market.

Advices from abroad are to the effect that the market is dull. The reported sales were as follows: New York 73.coo bags, Havre 59.oro, Hamburg 32.coo and London 3c.coo; a total of 194.coo bags against 135.oro in the same week of last year and 199.coo in the preceding week.

The detailed movements of the market during the week were as follows:

Ruling prices during the week for N. Y. Type No. 7 at Rio, and for Good Average

at Santos, with daily reported antes

at	the	former	market.	

	Rio N. 7	Reported	Santos, Good
	per arroba	sales	Average per 10 kilos
tay. 21	125300-125400	4.000 bags.	5\$100
., 22	12 300-12 400	6,000	S 100
., 23	12 400-12 000	6,000	S 100
	12 400-12 600	4.000	S 100
	12 400-12 600	1.000	S 100

## THE RIO NEWS.

# STOCKS AND SHARES

### Sales of Stocks and Shares.

	MAY 21.		
27	A notices is		000\$000
1		3.700\$ (cert.) at rate of	\$50
2		1889	1,800
		1895	S92 .
5	do		890
47	do	(reg.)	910
4		1897 (reg.)	1,025
50			163
		o Municipal bana-Ituana R. R	60
		Banks.	- C
50	Lavoura e	Commercio	1185500
			190
50			192 500
30	Nepuonen		
		Railways.	
41	Minas de S	. Jeronymo	30\$000
		Miscellaneous.	
94	Melhorame	entes no Brazil	16\$500
	MAY 22.		
26	Apolices, 5	*	900\$000
I	do	(600\$) at rate of	870
1	do	(500\$) do	865
9	do	(400\$) do	870
1	do	(cert.)	857
*	do	10,700\$ (cert.) m/m at rate of	857
	do	1895	S92
5 2	do	1095	890
1	do	(reg.)	910
	45	Banks.	910
45		Commercio	1205000
150	Republica		193
410	do	*****	192 500
40	do	•••••	192
		Cotton mills.	
40	Brazil Ind	ustria1	185\$000
		Miscellaneous.	
100	Melhoran	entos no Brazil	17\$000
oSo		Iraulicas	2 250
	MAY 23.		
10		58	900\$000
		20	902
14		(500\$) at rate of	and the second se
1	1000		
	do	2,700\$ (cert.) do	
	do	1,400\$ do	100 C
6		1897 (reg.)	
20		mo Municipal	
126	deb Con	fanca Industrial (mill).	200

# 156 deb. Confiança Industrial (mill.).... 200 Banks.

	Lavoura e Commercio Republica do	119\$500	,, União Sportiva 110 000 ,, Viação Paulista 20 000
150	Cotton mills.	192 500	
	Alliança	212\$000 240	CERVEJARIA BRAHI
	Railways.		
500 100	Oeste de Minas (37 ½ %)	3\$500	FRANCISKANER BRA
100	do do (20 <sup>0</sup> / <sub>0</sub> )	7	BUI VISAONDE DE SIDUATEV 440.4
	Tramways.		RUA VISCONDE DE SAPUCAHY 140, 14
100	Jardim Botanico	150\$000	Caixa do Correio 1205 Telepho:
	5. Christovão	155	Franziskaner Bräu (dark)
	Miscellaneous.		the second second second second second second second
50	Loterias Nacionaes	90\$000	Cerveja Pilsener (clear)
37 110	Melhoramentos no Brazil Transporte e Carruagens	17 83	Beer in barrels (shopps),
110		03	automats and bottled.
	MAY 24.		Makes a speciality of packing in ca
C	2hurch holiday.		taining 4 dozen bottles, ready for ship
	MAY 25.		the interior.
2	Apolices, 58	900\$000	
5	do	901	GEORG MASCHKE & C
79 32	do do	902 903	PROPRIETORS
1	do (600\$) at rate of	\$62	
2	do (200\$) do	\$62	NEWDLE MINDLE WE
T	do 1,000\$ (cert.) at rate of do 1895	860 800	NATURAL MINERAL WA
13	do (reg.)	912	
10	do	913	FROM THE SANTA RITA SPI
00	Emprestimo Municipal do do (reg.)	163 169	ANALYSED BY THE NATIONAL LABORAT
100 200	do do (reg.) deb. Sorocabana Ituana R. R	58 500	The best table water, being absolutely nat
75	* Brazil Industrial (mill)	201	is bottled on the same system adopted by the
	Banks. Lavoura e Commercio	120\$000	Apollinaris, Vichy and other renowned 1
	Republica	192 500	mineral waters.
	Rural e Hypothecario	260	OFFICE AND DEPOSIT:
00	Cotton mills. Brazil Industrial	190\$000	Rua Visconde de Inhaun
	Railways.		
00	Oeste de Minas (37 ½ %)	3\$500	TELEPHONE 450 RIO DE JAN

				•••• •••	212 <b>\$</b> 000 240	>	U	ERVI
	Raila		•••••		-40			10.34
		100			3\$500		F	RAN
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	do			,)	7			
•	Tram	wa 15.				1	RUA V	ISCOND
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	Ban	0.000			1205000			aris, Vie
					192 500		minera	1 waters.
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	otton	mills	i.,				D	Vine
11.			••••		190\$000	)	nua	Visc
	Raila						TEL	EPHON
5	10- 1	1 01 1				2	IEI	RITHON .

### MAY 26. 28 Apolices, 58..... 902\$000 do 900 do (600\$) at rate of ..... 862 T do (500\$) do ..... 875 4 do (4005) do ..... 6 870 1.700\$ (cert.) at rate of .... do 860 do .... do 5,0005 S61 do 1897 ..... 1,010 15 do (reg.)..... 1,025 2 50 Emprestimo Municipal (reg.)...... 169 4 deb. Barão de Araruama R. R. ..... 37 » Sorocabana-Ituana R. R. ..... 54 70 Banks. 135 Commercial..... 225:000 13 Rural e Hypothscario (2nd s.) ..... 130 Cotton mills. 175 Progresso Industrial..... 2405000 150 S. Felix..... 100 Railways. 500 Oeste de Minas (37 1/2 %) ..... 3\$500 200 V. F. Sapucahy ..... 25 150 do ..... 24 500 Tramzeavs. 170 Jardim Botanico ..... 150\$000 SATURDAY'S QUOTATIONS-S. PAULO. sellers. buy ers Banco Commercio e Industria ..... 3905000 379\$000 Constructor e Agricola ..... 39. -Credito Real da Carteira H... 11 120 000 Lavradores ..... • • • 122 000 Mercantil de Santos..... .. S. Paulo..... 156 000 ... 155 000 Ribeirão Preto..... 3.7 União de S. Carlos (all paid). 310 000 .. 286 000 do do (40 °/0.)... 136 000 União de S. Paulo (all paid). 74 000 11 69 000 Cia Agua e Luz....... 105 000 So 000 Antarctica..... 44 200.000 Argos Paulista ..... ... 6 000 Fabril Paulistana..... .... Ferro Carril Sto. Amaro ..... .... Gaz de S. Paulo..... ..... Italo Paulista..... 25 000 Lupton..... 130 coo 120 000 Mechanica..... 125 000 116 000 Melhoramentos de Brotas.... S6 coo ... Mogyana (all paid) ..... 252 000 248 000 .... idem (at 30 days) ..... 266 -Paulista ..... 249 000 245 000 idem (at 30 days).... -----Pogredior..... 11 35 000 Stupakoff..... ... 22 000 Telephonica.....

# EJARIA BRAHMA

95 000

97 000

12 000

## CISKANER BRAU

The shipments since our last report have been : 11,612 bags for the United States 10,699	SHIPPING NEWS.
3.310 Cape of Good Hope River Plate, etc. Coastwise	DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS. MAY 25.
25.371 bags.	PORT ELISABETH Nor, bk. Olivia; 443 tons; Christen-
The following ships sailed with coffee last week: United States : bags	sen ; coffee.
May to New York Br str. Cyprian Prince 9,129	FREIGHTS.
22 do Germ, str. Ragusa 3,750 Europe :	NEW YORK. ) -50 cents and 5 % primage per bag NEW ORLEANS ( of coffee.
May 19 Hamburg Germ. str. Argentina 1,655 Rotterdam do 263 Copenhagen do 3,780 23 Havre Fr. str. Colonia 12,125	ANTWERP. BREMEN. HAMPURG. LIVERTOOL.
23         Oran Fr. str. Brésil	COPENHAGEN37 shillings, 6 d, and 5 % primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.
Cape: May 25 Port Elisabeth Nor. bk. Olivia 9,000	GENOA. 1-40 francs and to 0/0 primage per MARSEILLES. ( ton of 1,000 kilos.
Elsewhere :	BORDEAUX 40 francs and 10 % primage per ton
May 21 River Plate Fr. str. Atlantique 2,008	of goo kilos. -50 francs and 10 % primage per ton
Coastwise :	navke. ) of 900 kilos.
May 19 Southern ports str. Ilaipava \$75	TRIESTE. 4-45 shillings and 5 % primage per FIUME. 5 ton of 1,000 kilos.
The receipts for the past week were 20,312 bags against 23,760 bags for the previous week and 23,148 bags for the week before.	LONDON30 shillings and 5 % primage per SOUTHAMPTON ton of 1,000 kilos.
Brokers' quotations, according to New-York types were the following :	CAPE-TOWN. (-50 shillings and 2 ½ % primage per P. ELIZABETH. ( ton.
May 26 May 19 No. 6 13\$300 13\$100 7 12 600 12 400 8 12 100 11 900	PORT NATAL. EAST LONDON. DELAGOA BAY. MOSSEL BAY. -57 shillings, 6 d. and 2 ½ % primage per ton.
a 11 600 11 400 The stock in all hands was estimated this morning at 178.931 bags, against 295.250 bags a week ago. The Santos stock is reported at 323.230 bags.	MONTEVIDEO3\$000 per bag of 60 kilos.
Santos atota io reporte de 0-0-0-0	ENGAGEMENTS.
Daily receipts and shipments of coffee at	NEW YORK Belg. str. Words-
Rio de Janeiro	worth 11,000 bags of coffee
Receipts Shipments ,, Europe ,, Cape ,, River I ,, Coastw Total shipm Stock Average que yer arroba Do do N. Y. spot Exchange Steamer fre Receipts at Sau	HAMBURGGerm. str. Argen- tina 6,000 ido do

	May 20	May 21	May 22	May 23	May 24
n			1 212	- n-ń	1.162
		2,849	750	4.481	:
		250	875	7,501	
" Cape		1,630	500	1,180	
" River Plate, etc. "	:	:	••		
" Coastwise	:	1.14	:		
1	:	4.729	2,125	13,162	
	182,757	182,784	182,472	173,386	174.549
7			相に進める		
per arroba	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	12\$400	12\$400	123600	:
Do do No. 8	:	11\$900	115900	12\$100	:
N. Y. spot quot. N. 7	:	7 ½ c.	7 \$116 c.	7 11/16 C.	7 % c.
Exchange on London	:	S 13/16 d.	\$ 11/16 d.	8 3/4 d.	:
Steamer freight, 5% primage	:	50 C.	50 C.	50 C.	:
Receipts at Santos bags	:	2,919	1,020	2,158	
Stock at Santos	:	323,230	334,250	326,440	

## FREIGHTS. W YORK. 1-50 cents and 5 % primage per bag W ORLEANS ( of coffee. -35 shillings and 5 % primage per ton of 1,000 kilos. VERPOOL.

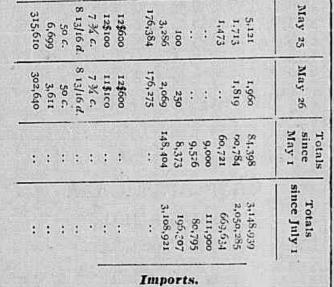
### ELAGOA BAY. per ton. OSSEL BAY. ONTEVIDEO. -33000 per bag of 60 kilos. AIRES.

### ENGAGEMENTS.

W YORK Belg. str. Words-			
orth	11,000	bags of	coffee
MBURG Germ. str. Argen-	They at		1.3%
na	6,000	iqo	do
			白い青日

### Vessels Afloat & Chartered for Rio

Cambr France Glad Gazell Grace	es Tidings e Deering	tin Ca Bal Bal Bal Po Po	ngoon rdiff ltimore ltimore rtland rtland ngoon	7 Mar.     11 Apr.
Joseph Julia	ine, . Rollins	Ba	ltimore ltimore swport	
Larra Munco Maria Sofia Scottis	ine aster Castle t Emilia Rrailli (str. th Lochs apho	Rr Ca OI ) Cn Cn	ngoon rdiff oorto rdiff rdiff oorto steamer	25 Apr. - - - -
DATE	NAME	FROM	CONSI	GNED TO
21	Homer Magellan Brésil	Glasgow 36 ds. Valparaiso 26 d River Plate	ls. Wilson S. Mon	gaw & Co. Sons & Co. toux



31

Ma

- UT

Flour.-The receipts last week were 2,000 bags by the *Sattelite* from Montevideo. The market continues quiet and quotations are lower owing to improvement in exchange, as shewn in the following table :

Trieste	nominal.
Richmond 1st	
do 211	11.11
Baltimore Ist	31\$000-32\$000
do 2nd	30 000-31 000
Western and Interior	29 000-30 000
River Plate	27 000-29 000
Local Mills	32 000-33 000

Codfish.- The Wordsworth brought 2,360 tubs, 422 cases and 100 half cases from New York. There were

cases and too half cases from New York. There were no changes in broker's prices. Lard.—The arrivals during the past week were 1,000 kegs and 110 cases from New York by the Wordsworth. We continue to quote from 920 to 930 reis per pound wholesale. Pork.—No arrivals. Market unchanged. Rice.—No receipts. Prices are nominal. White Pine.—Entries last week were 3.718 pieces by the Wordsworth from New York. The wholesale price continues at 300 reis per foot. Pitch Pine.—The receipts were nil. The cargo of the Bayard was sold in auction on Saturday. Prices unchanged.

unchanged.

Spruce Pine,- There were no arrivals and no changes in prices.

Swedish Pines.-No receipts. Market nominal. Kerosene.-The Wordsworth brought 28,000 cases from New York. Price are now quoted at 128000 per case wholesale.

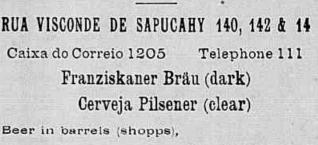
case wholesale. **Rosin.**—No arrivals. Quotations unchanged. **Turpentine.**—Receipts nil. Market nominal. **Cement.**—No entries. Prices unchanged. **Indian Corn.**—No receipts. Native continues to be quoted from 95000 to 95500 per bag of 62 kilos. **Bran.**—No arrivals. Market unchanged **Hay.**—The Magellan brought 1,726 bales from Mon-terideo. Prices are nominal.

Coal .- The following vessels arrived with coal last

30

Pernambuc	o and Maceto	1955000-2005000
Bahia and	Aracajú	150 000-185 000
		195 000-200 000
Angra and	Paraty	195 000-200 000
Parahyba		190 000-195 000
Alcohol of 16 to	38 deg	260 000-293 000
ditto	40 deg	300 000-310 000

23 23 24 24 25 25	22BrésilRiver PlateS. Montoux23RuskinCardiff 24 ds.Wilson Sons & Co.23MinhoMontevidéo 5 ds.C. J. Cazaly24S FranciscoLiverpool 33 ds.J. C. y Ptierto24ArgentinaSantos 17 hs.J. C. y Ptierto25ValaNewport 26 ds.M. Maritimes25YestorGlasgow 28 ds.Wilson Sons & Co.26BuffonNew York 21 ds.N. Megaw & Co.					500 100 100	O U Ja
-	Departur		of for	eidu str	amers.	180	S.
10						50	L
DATE	NAMI	6		FOR	CARGO	37 110	
21 22 22 22 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	Atlantique Petropolis Magellan Ragusa Homer Les Andes Brésil Colonia Minho Homer Kendal J. Fotherg Argentina S. Francisc Wordsworf	ill co th inter	Sant Live New Valp Rive Bord Havr Sout Sant Buen Sant Ham Valp New	rpool* York* araiso* r Plate eaux* re hampton* os borg* araiso* York* e ports.	Sundries. In transit Sundries do do do do do In transit Ballast In transit Sundries do do	2 5 79 32 1 2 1 1 3 10 100 200 75	Chu M A En de
Fo				els in th Tay 27th	he port of 1900.	100	La
	NAMK	TONS	ARRIVED	FROM	CONSIGNEES	38 26 100	Re Rt Br
bk. Bi	nerican altimore British	671	May 14	Batimore	J. Moore &C.	100	Oe
sc. Sir sp. Be bk. Da	occo	295	Apr.25	Leith	To order k. To order. Gaz Co. Central Ry.	c	om
		154	Apr.12	Marseille	s. Ch. Hue.		
bk. Sc	German hiller rwegian	1227	May 3	Cardiff	Braz Coal Co.		Fr
	rgentina iyard	979 1217		Greenock Mobile	B. Rodr. Co. To order.		
THEN YOR	tngnese ara	695	Mayto	Oporto	J.A.G.Santos		



eciality of packing in cases con en bottles, ready for shipment to

### G MASCHKE & Co.

# AL MINERAL WATER

E SANTA RITA SPRINGS.

BY THE NATIONAL LABORATORY.

e water, being absolutely natural, and same system adopted by the Carlsbad, chy and other renowned European

## onde de Inhauma 51

RIO DE JANEIRO E 450

es. Speciality in English Goods.

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# ES

Ayres A. de Souza.

# THE RIO NEWS.

[May 29th, 1900. \*

•						не	RIO N	IEWS.	•	[May 29th, 1900.
10		Stocks	and	Bonds and		the second second	CHINA THE IS NOT			TEUTONIA BEER, MENDES Agency : — RUA DA QUITANDA, No. 39
Emission 506,595,300\$ ' 60,000,000 119,600 30,000,000 51,885,000 Fcs. 17,500,000	48 10 6	alation 3.647,700\$ 4.584.000 0.000,000 119,600 11,584,500 12,035,500 18,350,000 17,500,000	St Bo	ock 5 % o currency onds of 1895 do 1897, 6 % o onds, 4 % o old Loan, 1868, 6 o do 1879, 4 o do 1889, 4	Public Funds (apolices)			Nominal Value 1,000\$ S00\$, 200\$ 1,000 1,000\$ S00\$, 200 1,000\$ S00\$, 200 1,000\$, 500 1,000\$, 500 1,000 Fcs. 500 1.000\$, 200		PRICES: In bottles from 1 to 3 doz 10\$000 """ 4 "9 " 9\$600 """ 10 "19 " 9\$000 """ 20 upwards 8\$400 <b>TWO GAS ENGINES</b> One of 2 horse-power and the other of 6-horse power- both used, and both of the Korting system, will be
<i>Fcs.</i> 65,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 10,000,000 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,000,000 400,000	Fcs.	13,193,000 4,533,200 4,522,000 4,000,000 5,000,000 22,459,600 514,800 400,000		, of Minas Ger , idem , idem , of Rio de Ja , do , do , do , do	aes, 5%			1,000 200 Fcs. 500 500 1,000 1000 200 100 200 200	415 000- 920 000- 162 500- 164 000 - 170 000	Sold cheap for cash. Inquire at this office. S. Laulo ENGLISH COLLEGE FOR BOYS. "HYDECROFT," S. Paulo,
Capital 20,000,000 16,000,000 24,000,000 16,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 101,367,800 20,000,000 20,000,000 20,000,000 20,000,000 7,500,000 7,500,000 7,500,000 5,000,000 10,058,610 Capital £ 5,500,000 5,000,000 12,000,000 5,000,000 10,058,610	Shares 100,000 S0,000 120,000 80,000 40,000 25,000 15,000 40,000 50,0	94,090 20,000 all 77,25535 all all all all all all all al	200         0           200         0           200         0           200         1           200         1           200         1           200         1           200         1           200         1           200         200 <td>Constructor do Bra. Credito Movel Credito Real do Bri. Depositos e Descon Funcionarios Publi Hypothecario do B Lavoura e Commer Nacional Brazileir Republica do Brazi Rio e Matto Grosso do 2nd ser Rura! e Hypothece do 21 Commercial da Ba Com. e Industria d Credito Real de M do 2 Credito Real de S. do 2</td> <td>de Janeiro ies</td> <td> 200\$  200  200</td> <td>eserve Fund 4,000,000\$ 3,120,000 1,645,009 1,645,009 1,645,009 250,317 580,809 230,000 17,480,079 391,700 7,580,711 2,185,326 6,000,000 308,350 1,141,521 400,000 800,000 695,000 400,000 Reserve fund 51,985\$</td> <td>Last Dividend \$\$000, Jan. 1900 6\$000, ditto 1900 2\$100, ditto 1900 4\$000, Aug. 1892 2\$000, Jan. 1896 12 % ditto 1892 - Jan. 1900 3\$000, ditto 1900 4\$000, July 1899 6\$000, ditto 1900 6\$000, ditto 1900 6\$000, ditto 1900 6\$000, ditto 1900 1\$200, ditto 1900 1\$2500, ditto 1900 1\$2500, ditto 1900 1\$200, ditto 1895 \$\$000, ditto 1900 12 % ditto 1895 \$\$000, ditto 1900 7\$500, Jan. 1895 \$\$000, July 1899 Last Dividend 2\$000 Feb. 1900</td> <td>Last quotation 224\$000- 226\$000 205 000- 210 000 - 80 000 13 500- 14 500 3 000- 77 000- 40 000- 46 000 118 500- 119 500 - 190 000 102 000- 193 000 120 000- 130 000- 135 000 255 000- 130 000- 135 000 190 000- 100 000- 130 000 12 000- 128 0</td> <td><section-header><section-header><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></section-header></section-header></td>	Constructor do Bra. Credito Movel Credito Real do Bri. Depositos e Descon Funcionarios Publi Hypothecario do B Lavoura e Commer Nacional Brazileir Republica do Brazi Rio e Matto Grosso do 2nd ser Rura! e Hypothece do 21 Commercial da Ba Com. e Industria d Credito Real de M do 2 Credito Real de S. do 2	de Janeiro ies	200\$ 200	eserve Fund 4,000,000\$ 3,120,000 1,645,009 1,645,009 1,645,009 250,317 580,809 230,000 17,480,079 391,700 7,580,711 2,185,326 6,000,000 308,350 1,141,521 400,000 800,000 695,000 400,000 Reserve fund 51,985\$	Last Dividend \$\$000, Jan. 1900 6\$000, ditto 1900 2\$100, ditto 1900 4\$000, Aug. 1892 2\$000, Jan. 1896 12 % ditto 1892 - Jan. 1900 3\$000, ditto 1900 4\$000, July 1899 6\$000, ditto 1900 6\$000, ditto 1900 6\$000, ditto 1900 6\$000, ditto 1900 1\$200, ditto 1900 1\$2500, ditto 1900 1\$2500, ditto 1900 1\$200, ditto 1895 \$\$000, ditto 1900 12 % ditto 1895 \$\$000, ditto 1900 7\$500, Jan. 1895 \$\$000, July 1899 Last Dividend 2\$000 Feb. 1900	Last quotation 224\$000- 226\$000 205 000- 210 000 - 80 000 13 500- 14 500 3 000- 77 000- 40 000- 46 000 118 500- 119 500 - 190 000 102 000- 193 000 120 000- 130 000- 135 000 255 000- 130 000- 135 000 190 000- 100 000- 130 000 12 000- 128 0	<section-header><section-header><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></section-header></section-header>
20,000,000 62,000,000 10,000,000 70,000,000 1,600,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 <i>Capilal</i> 2,500,000 6,000,000 700,000	100,000 310,000 	all 33,525 266,475 10,000 all  all all all all all all	200 do 200 do do 200 200 200 200 200 200 do do 200 200 200 do 200 200 200 200 do 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 0 do do do do 200 200 do do do do do 200 200 do do do 200 200 do do do 200 200 200 do do 200 200 200 do do 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20	Ocste de Minas . do do Quilombo União Sorocaban do União Valencians Sapucahy Tocantins e Arag do Tran Carioca, Carris Urbanos Corcovado (and Jardim Botanico	serics a-ltauna guaya mways	100           200           75           20           100           80           200           200           200           200           200           200           200           200           200           200           200           200           200           200           55           9           100\$           200           100           200           100           200	65,000 2,901,489 1,463,242 45,710 	int. Sept. 93 int. Jan. 92 6 % June, 92 6\$500, Feb. 86 	22 000- 23 000         3 500         22 000- 23 000         3 000- 6 000         24 500- 25 500         - 40 000         4 250-         Last quotation         - So\$000         155\$000         -198 000         150 500-155 000         150 500-155 000	<ul> <li>Bicycles, Bicycle Sundries,</li> <li>We have the best equipped Repair shop in Brazil. All work guaranteed. We repair all makes of Bicycles. American and English Novels Fine Writing Papers and Envelopes.</li> <li>Heinz' Pickles. Libby's canned meats. We import to order any American or English goods desired. We take subscriptions for any newspaper's or magazines published in the United States, England, France or Germany.</li> <li>Agency for The Rio News. HAMMETT &amp; DUNLOP, 15 RUA DA QUITANDA,</li> </ul>
12,000,000 3,000,000 500,000 <i>Capital</i> 1,000,000 25,000,000 5,000,000 673,400 1,000,000	5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 140,000 25,000 25,000 3,367 5,000	59,300 all all <i>Emitted</i> all all all 2,750	200 200 100 <i>Far</i> 200 200 200 200	Villa Izabel Pernambuco Stea Esperança Mari Lloyd Brazileiro Navegação Cost S. João da Barra Sul Paulista	mships tima eira e Campos	Pand Pand 200 Pand 200 200 200 200 200 200 80	105,899\$ 32,469 Reserve fund 350,000\$ 59,598	5 0/0 June 99 4 000, Feb. 1900 Last Dividend 9\$000, Jan. 1900 10 000, Feb. 1900 Last Dividend	Last quotation - 200\$000 2 500- - 300 0 0 0 Last quotation	- HYDROGEN DYOXIDE POSSESSES EVERY CLEANSING PROPERTY For sale at the CASA AMERICANA
Capital 10,000,000 3,400,000 500,000 6,000,000 4,500,000 4,500,000 2,000,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 1,200,000 1,5	Shares 50,000\$ 12,000 2,500 30,000 22,500 2,500 2,500 10,000 6,000 4,000 7,500 20,000 6,000 4,500 1,800 12,000 10,000 1,800 1,7500 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,7500 1,800 1,7500 1,800 1,7500 1,	Emitted all all all all all all all all all al	Par           200\$           200	Alliança. America Fabril Botafogo (aniag Brazil Industria Carioca Confiança Indu Corcovado D. Izabel Fabril Paulista Industrial Mind Magéense Manufactora F Petropolitana. Progresso Indu Rink (Woolens S. Felix S. João S. Pedro de Al	Mills, etc.	200           200	Reserve fund 1,122,080\$ 279,979 40,373 150,000 741,927 284,002 52,038 189,282 200,000 92,814 28,277 144,143 21,693 639,889 17,039 38,394 71,567 1,314,403	Io\$000- Jan. 1900           7 000- Aug. 96           4 000- Feb. 1900           - Jan. 1900           12 000- ditto 1900           10 000- Feb. 1900           10 000- Feb. 1900           10 000- Feb. 1900           10 000- Feb. 1900           12 000- Jan. 1900           12 000- Feb. 1900           10 000- Feb. 1900           10 000- Jan. 1900           - ditto 1900	$\begin{array}{c} 212\$000 - \\ 115 000 - \\ - 250 000 \\ 190 000 - 210 000 \\ - 250 000 \\ 195 000 - \\ 196 000 - \\ 196 000 - \\ 196 000 - \\ - \\ 196 000 - \\ 200 000 \\ 205 000 - 220 000 \\ 180 000 - 188 000 \\ 168 000 - 172 000 \\ 240 000 - \\ 65 000 - \\ - 150 000 \\ - 188 000 \\ - 188 000 \end{array}$	SÃO PAULO Rio Agents : Messrs. Crashley & Co. B6 Rua do Ouvido The CASA AMERICANA also carries a stock of Canned Meats of a very high quality, LunchTongue Mince Meats, Brawn, Corned Beet, Chipped Bee etc., etc., etc. Call and see for yourself. LION & CO. SANTOS -IF SÃO PAULO
Capital 3,000,000\$ 3,000,000 2,000,000 4,000,000 2,500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 2,500,000	Shares 15,000 3,000 10,000 20,000 8,000 2,500 10,000 10,000 12,500 10,000 12,500 10,000	Emitted all all 9,735 10,000 4,000 all all all all all all	1,000 200 200 500 1,000 200 100 200 200	Alliança Argos Fluminens Bonança Confiança F. Leidade Garantia Geral Previdente Prosperidade	e	250 30 20 180 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Reserve fund 300,000\$ 15,584 200,000 366,374 252,000 400,000 400,000 500,000 150,120	1\$000, July 97 25 000, Jan. 1900 1 500, ditto 99 3 000, ditto 1900 7 000, ditto 1900 2 000, ditto 1900 2 000, ditto 1900 1 000, ditto 1900 3 000, ditto 1900 1 500, ditto 1900	<i>Last Quotation.</i> - 5\$500 3 <sup>So\$000-</sup> 6 000 3 <sup>S</sup> 000- 10 000 145 000- 10 000 145 000- 10 000 145 000- 10 000 10 000- 17 000- 17 000-	<ul> <li>IMPORTERS OF</li> <li>Bar Iron, Iron Sheets, Wrought Iron Tubes, Portlaud Cement, Lubricating Oils, Plows and Agricultural Implement</li> <li>Sanitary goods.</li> <li>Sole agents for the State of São Pau WCOLUMBLA" Birtícher</li> </ul>
Capital 500,000\$ 5,000,000 5,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 2,550,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 2,550,000 3,000,000 2,550,000 3,000,000 2,5	Shares 10,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 15,000 10,000 5,000 10,000	Emitted all all all all all all all all all al	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	Carros Tatersall Cruzeiro (match Docas de Santos, Empreza Industi Edincadora Melhoramentos Gazeta de Notie Gozeta de Notie Gozeta Sacion Matte Larangen Menhos Flumi	i factory) no Brazil cias (newspaper) aper) aes do Brazil ra (Paraguny tea)	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 50 50 50 50 50 100	42,378 	\$ 1 500, Jan. 99 Mar. 95 Jan. 1900 40 000, Jan. 1900 10 <sup>0</sup> /o. Aug. 91 5 000, ditto 92 Feb. 1900 Feb. 1900 10 000, Feb. 92 10 000, ditto 1900 7 <sup>0</sup> /e. Mar. 9	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	"COLUMBIA" Bicycles Pope Manufacturing Co., Hartford, U.S. Representatives for the States of São Paulo, Minas & Rio de Janei "POTASSIUM SYNDICATE" Stassfurt, Prussia.
9,312,500 2,000,000 1,500,000 600,000	95,125 20,500 9,500 2,600	33,128 	10	Transporte e Ca Typographica de	R.de J. (building s arruagens o Arrazil r s hips)	100	400,000	5 000, July 9 6 000, Dec. 9	9 So oco- 9 - 150 ooo	LION & Co.

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# THE RIO NEWS'

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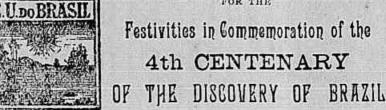
A Sovereign Remedy for Skin Ailments, Piles, Sores, Insect Bites or Stings Earache or Sunburn, etc. Large Pots, to be obtained from Chemists, Stores &c.

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AGUA Harrea Registry	MATTONI	No.
Agua Mineral GIESSHÜ Natural Alkaline From the springs of HEINRICH MATTONI, G Excellent Ta	Natural. BLER) Mineral Water	The b All Apply to
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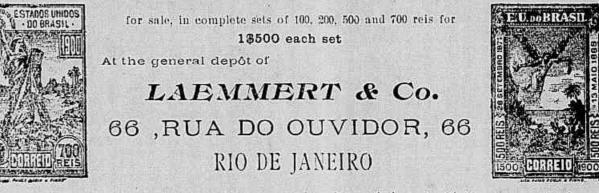


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The widespread acceptance which the issue of these interesting stamps has had as shown by the large sales effected, is a brilliant sign of the patriotism of the Brazilian nation. In this way, everybody, poor and rich, contributes with his share towards the erection of lasting monuments which will honor the history of the country.

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A good wine at a moderate price. To be obtained at

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THOMAS NORTON & CO.	MAGALHÃES & Co.	OBSERVE THAT THE		• 1
Ship Brokers and Commission Merchants. Old regular Line Sailing Packets to	CAPITAL Rs. 200,000\$000, Stevedores, established for many years in the city of	SIGNATURE	$\hat{\Omega}$	IN
RIO DE JANEIRO & SANTOS. 88, Broad Street.	Rio de Janeiro, with offices at	oranin e	Mar	
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NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.	sailing vessels, having at their disposal lighters sure able for the transportation of cargoes, boats, steam	1 0.0		PRINTED
	launches and skilled employés. TELEPHONE No. 313.	1000		N BLUE INK Y ACROSS THE
Capital. , . 40,000,000 Marks.	WHISKY	ari	OUTSIDE W	
Regular Lines of Steam Packets between Bremen-United States Brazil		of ev	very Bottle of the	•
, River Plate , China, Japan	A. & B. Mackay's Special Liqueur Whisky	UILIG	WORCESTER	
, Australia Departures from Rio de Janeiro on the 1st and 15th of each month to	Is a pure Whisky. "The Acme of Perfection."	Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors Worcester;		
Bahia, Antwerp and Bremen. Passengers and cargo for all ports of the different	In cask or case.	Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London and Export Oilmen generally.		UUL
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", -Lisbon	In cases of 7 dozen ½ bottles or 4 11 bottles	The Oivy Medicine of the kind awarded a Ge	A I MD?	TRADE MARI
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ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY		HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF	ANY PHOSPHORIC MEE	DICINE IN THE WORL
Under contracts with the British and Brazilia Governments for carrying the mails. TABLE OF DEPARTURES.	RIO DE JANEIRO	For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for	first da Increa	y of its administration by a Rer se of Nerve and Intellectual
1900 Date   Steamer   Destination	Ask for	BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESS- NESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature	Comfo	a feeling of Courage, Streng ort. Digestion is Invigorate ite increases wonderfully.
May 31 Thames Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Vig Cherbourg and Southampton.	"MOUNTAIN DEW"	Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused	becom bright	es calm and refreshing. Thes fuller, the Lips red, ther, and Skin clear and health
June 11 Danube Montevideo and Buenos-Ayres.	SCOTCH WHISKY	by the deficiency of the Vital Forces. The effect of this Standard Phosphoric	enuit genuit	ware of vile imitations ne without the British Gov p with "Dr. Lalor's Phosp
n, 27 n Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon Vig Cherbourg and Southampton. This Company will have steamers from and	Mustan Bee	Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing	Londo of her	on, England," engraved thereon r Majesty's Honourable Commi
England three times a month. Insurance on freight shipped on these steamers ca	Mettus euro	Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.	The from	all parts of the World, and

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